THE NARCOTIC DRUGS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES RULES, 1985[1]

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5, read with section 76 of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Rules, 1985.

(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,

(a) "the Act" means the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985);

(b) "Appellate Authority" means any authority to whom an appeal may lie under any provision of these rules;

[(c) "Chemical Examiner" means the Chemical Examiner or Deputy Chief Chemist or Asstt. Chemist or Assistant Chemical Examiner, Government Opium and Alkaloid Works, Neemuch or, as the case may be, Ghazipur;]

(d) "Chief Controller of Factories" means the Chief Controller of Government Opium and Alkaloid Factories;

[(da) "Controller of Drugs" means the officer appointed as the controlling authority by the State Government under rule 21 of the Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945 made under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940);]

(e) "crop year" means the period beginning on and from the 1st October of any year to the 30th September of the following year;

[(ee) "firm" means a company, body corporate, proprietorship firm, partnership firm, limited liability partnership firm, association of persons;]

[(eea) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;]

(f) "General Manager" means the General Manager, Government Opium and Alkaloid Works, Neemuch or, as the case may be, Ghazipur;

(g) "issuing authority" means the Narcotics Commissioner or any other officer who may be authorised in this behalf by the Central

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1. For GSR 359(E), dated 6th May, 1985, published in the Gazette of India, Extra., Pt. II, Sec. 3(i), dated 6th May, 1985.

2. Corrected vide GSR 411-1985.

3. Subs. by S.O. 1, dated 1st January, 1986, w.e.f. 1-1-1986.

4. Ins. by S.O. 359(E), dated 6th May, 2008 (w.e.f. 1-7-2008).

Sl. No.	Controlled psychotropic substance	Other non-proprietary name	Chemical name
50.	KETAMINE AND ITS SALTS	cyclohexylamine RACEMATE	(±)-2-(2-Chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone
51.		dissociative anaesthetic drug, clinical use, veterinary	(±)-2-(2-Chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone hydrochloride
52.	KURETONADINE		(2-Chlorophenyl)(2-(methylamino)-cyclohexyl)-methanone
53.	LEVAMISOLE		(-)-(2S,6S)-2,3,5,6-Tetrahydro-6-phenylimidazo[2,1-b]thiazole
54.	LEVOMETHORPHAN		(-)-(R)-3-Methoxy-N-methylmorphinan
55.	LEVOMORAMIDE	MORINAMIDE	(-)-(R)-4-[2-Methyl-4-oxo-3,3-diphenyl-4-(2-pyridyl)-butyl]-morpholine
56.	LEVOPHENACYLMORPHAN		(-)-3-Hydroxy-N-phenacylmorphinan
57.	LYSERGIDE	LSD, LSD-25	(+)-9,10-didehydro-N,N-diethyl-6-methylergoline-8β-carboxamide
58.	MAZINDOL		5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2,5-dihydro-3H-imidazo[2,1-a]isoindol-5-ol
59.	MESCALINE		3,4,5-Trimethoxyphenethylamine
60.	METAMFETAMINE AND ITS SALTS	Methylamphetamine	(+)-(S)-N,α-Dimethylbenzeneethanamine
61.	METAMFETAMINE RACEMATE		(±)-N,α-Dimethylbenzeneethanamine
62.	METHAQUALONE		2-Methyl-3-o-tolyl-4(3H)-quinazolinone
63.	METHCATHINONE		2-(Methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one
64.	METHYLPHENIDATE		Methyl α-phenyl-2-piperidineacetate
65.	MIDAZOLAM		8-Chloro-6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-4H-imidazo[1,5-a][1,4]benzodiazepine
66.	MORAMIDE		3-Methyl-2-(4-morpholinyl)-1,1-diphenylbutanol
67.	MORPHERIDINE		1-(2-Morpholinoethyl)-4-cyano-4-(3-methoxyphenyl)-piperidine
68.	MORPHINE AND ITS SALTS		(5α,6α)-7,8-Didehydro-4,5-epoxy-17-methylmorphinan-3,6-diol
69.	MORPHINE-N-OXIDE		(5α,6α)-17-Methylmorphinan-3,6-diol 17-oxide
70.	MYROPHINE		3-(3-Cyclohexyl-2-propenyl)-4,5-epoxy-17-methylmorphinan-6-ol
71.	NABILONE		(±)-trans-3-(1,1-Dimethylheptyl)-6,6a,7,8,10,10a-hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-9H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-one
72.	NICOCODINE		6-Acetylcodeine 3-nicotinate
73.	NICODICODINE		6-Acetylhydrocodone 3-nicotinate
74.	NORACYMETHADOL		(±)-α-3-Acetoxy-6-dimethylamino-4,4-diphenylheptane
75.	NORCODEINE		N-Demethylcodeine
76.	NORLEVORPHANOL		(-)-3-Hydroxymorphinan
77.	NORMETHADONE		6-Dimethylamino-4,4-diphenyl-3-heptanone
78.	NORMORPHINE		Morphine-N-demethylated
79.	NORPIPANONE		4,4-Diphenyl-6-piperidino-3-hexanone
80.	PHENCYCLIDINE	PCP	1-(1-Phenylcyclohexyl)-piperidine
81.	PHENDIMETRAZINE		(2S,3S)-3,4-Dimethyl-2-phenylmorpholine
82.	PHENMETRAZINE		3-Methyl-2-phenylmorpholine
83.	PHENOMORPHAN		3-Methoxy-N-phenethylmorphinan
84.	PHENOPERIDINE		1-(3-Hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl)-4-phenyl-4-piperidinol propionate (ester)
85.	PIMINODINE		4-Phenyl-1-(3-phenylaminopropyl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester
86.	PIRITRAMIDE		1'-(3-Cyano-3,3-diphenylpropyl)-[1,4'-bipiperidine]-4'-carboxamide
87.	PROHEPTAZINE		1,3-Dimethyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxyazacycloheptane
88.	PROPERIDINE		Isopropyl 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-piperidinecarboxylate
89.	RACEMORAMIDE		(±)-3-Methyl-2-(4-morpholinyl)-1,1-diphenylbutanol
90.	RACEMORPHAN		(±)-3-Methoxy-N-methylmorphinan
91.	RACEMORPHANOL		(±)-3-Hydroxy-N-methylmorphinan
92.	REMIFENTANIL		4-(Methoxycarbonyl)-4-[(1-oxopropyl)-phenylamino]-1-piperidinepropanoic acid, methyl ester
93.	SUFENTANIL		N-[4-(Methoxymethyl)-1-[2-(2-thienyl)-ethyl]-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide
94.	THEBACON	Acetyldihydrocodeinone, Dihydroacetylcodeinone	4,5-Epoxy-3-methoxy-17-methylmorphinan-6-one
95.	THIOFENTANIL		N-[3-Methyl-1-[2-(2-thienyl)-ethyl]-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide
96.	TILIDINE		(±)-Ethyl trans-2-(dimethylamino)-1-phenyl-3-cyclohexene-1-carboxylate
97.	TRIMEPERIDINE		1,2,5-Trimethyl-4-phenyl-4-piperidinol propionate (ester)

(2) Salts and preparations of above

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1. Added by G.S.R. 1015(E), dated 18th January, 1988.
2. Ins. by G.S.R. 1016(E), dated 18th January, 2013.
3. Ins. by G.S.R. 1017(E), dated 31st January, 2013.
4. Ins. by G.S.R. 1018(E), dated 19th February, 2013.
5. Ins. by G.S.R. 1019(E), dated 19th February, 2015.
6. Serial No. 101 to 104 and entries relating thereto omitted by G.S.R. 1020(E), dated 2nd November, 2015.

Government for issuing a licence under Chapter V of these rules or who has an import certificate or export authorisation under Chapter VI of these rules in respect of narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances;

(hh) "licence" means a licence issued under these rules;

[(hhh) "licensed chemist" means a person who has obtained a licence to possess, sell, exhibit or offer for sale or distribution by retail essential narcotic drugs under these rules;]

[(hhh) "licensed dealer" means a person who has obtained a licence to possess, sell, exhibit or offer for sale or distribution by wholesale essential narcotic drugs under these rules;]

[(hhj) "medical institution" means a hospital, dispensary, clinic or an institution by whatever name called that diagnoses or treats persons requiring diagnosis, treatment or care of illness, disease, injury, deformity or abnormality, established and administered or maintained by the Government or Municipal Corporation or Municipal Council or Zila Parishad or any person or body of persons;]

[(hhk) "patent or proprietary medicine" shall have the same meaning as defined in the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940);]

[(hhl) "prescription" means a prescription given by a competent medical practitioner for the supply of any of the essential narcotic drugs for patient for medical use in accordance with these rules;]

(ii) "Proper Officer", in relation to any function to be performed under these rules, means the officer of Narcotics Department who is assigned these functions by the Narcotics Commissioner;

[(iii) "recognised medical institution" means a medical institution recognised as such under these rules;]

[(iiii) "registered medical practitioner" means any person registered as a medical practitioner under the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956) or under any law for the registration of medical practitioners for the time being in force or registered as a dentist under the Dentists Act, 1948 (16 of 1948) or under any law for the registration of dentists for the time being in force and has undergone training in pain relief and palliative care for prescription of essential narcotic drugs for pain relief and palliative care or training in opioid substitution therapy for prescription of essential narcotic drugs for treatment of opioid dependence;]

(jj) "Schedule" means a Schedule annexed to these rules;

(kk) words and expressions used herein and not defined, but defined in the Act shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.

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[1] Ins. by G.S.R. 1997(E), dated 31st May, 2013 (w.e.f. 31-5-2013).

COMMENTS

Admissibility of evidence in connection with an opinion or report of chemical analyser in any laboratory in the country which is permitted to do such analysis, Ram Dayal v. Central Narcotics Bureau, 1990 (1) Crimes 618 (MP) (DB).

CHAPTER II

POWERS OF OFFICERS

3. Delegation of powers.—Subject to such directions as may be given by the Central Government, the Narcotics Commissioner appointed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Act, may authorise any officer subordinate to him, to exercise all or any of his powers under these rules.

4. Narcotics Commissioner and other officers to exercise the powers of their subordinates.—The Narcotics Commissioner and such other officer as may be appointed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Act may perform all or any of the functions, or exercise any of the powers, assigned under these rules to the officers subordinate to them.

CHAPTER III

OPIUM POPPY CULTIVATION AND PRODUCTION OF OPIUM AND POPPY STRAW

5. Opium poppy cultivation and production of opium or poppy straw.—The opium poppy for production of opium or poppy straw shall not be cultivated save on account of the Central Government and in the areas notified by it from time to time and in accordance with the conditions of a licence issued by the District Opium Officer under rule 6.

6. Fee for grant of licence.—The licence of cultivation of opium poppy may be granted by the District Opium Officer on payment of a fee of [rupees twenty-five].

7. Form of licence for cultivation of the opium poppy.—The licence for cultivation of opium poppy for the production of opium or poppy straw shall be issued in Form No. 1 appended to these rules.

8. Issue of licence.—Subject to the general conditions relating to grant of licence notified by the Central Government, the District Opium Officer may issue licence to any person for each year for cultivation of the opium poppy for production of opium or poppy straw on receipt of an application made by that person in form No.1 appended to these rules.

9. Licence to specify the area, etc.—The licence for cultivation of opium poppy issued under rule 8 shall specify the area and designate the plots to be cultivated with opium poppy.

10. Destruction of Lambardar.—The District Opium Officer may destroy any of the cultivated of opium poppy as Lambardar or ward/village where opium

1. Subs. by G.S.R. 542, dated 24th October 1991, w.e.f. [illegible].

2. The Central Government has notified the general conditions for grant of licence for cultivation of opium poppy on account of the Central Government during the Opium Crop Year commencing on the 1st day of October, 1985 and ending with the 30th day of September, 1986 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), dated the 30th September, 1985 at pages 1 to 3.

poppy cultivation is permitted, who shall perform such functions and on such terms and conditions as may be specified from time to time by the Narcotics Commissioner.

11. Withholding or cancellation of licence.—(1) An officer higher in rank than the District Opium Officer may, for sufficient reasons to be recorded in writing, withhold or cancel a licence already issued

(2) No order shall be passed under sub-rule (1) unless the cultivator has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the said order or is heard in person, if so desires.

(3) Where opium poppy has been cultivated under a licence which is subsequently withheld, or cancelled, the standing crop of poppy shall be destroyed under the supervision of the proper officer in such manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.

12. Procedure with regard to measurement of land cultivated with opium poppy.—(1) All plots of land cultivated with opium poppy in accordance with the licence issued under these rules, shall be measured in metres by the proper officer in the presence of the cultivator concerned and the Lambardar of the village and the panchayat of the village and the Lambardar of the village shall attest the entries made in the records to be maintained by the Lambardar, as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner in this behalf, under their signatures/thumb-impressions with date, in token of having satisfied themselves regarding the correctness of the measurement.

(2) The measurement conducted by the proper officer shall be subject to such further checks by such officers as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner in this behalf.

13. Procedure with regard to preliminary weighment.—(1) The cultivator shall, during the course of harvesting, produce daily before the Lambardar, each day's collection of opium from his crop for weighment.

(2) The Lambardar shall make arrangements to weigh such opium and make necessary entries in the records to be maintained by him as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner in this behalf.

(3) The cultivator and the Lambardar shall attest the entries made in such records under their signature/thumb-impression with date, showing the quantity of opium weighed on a particular day.

(4) The proper officer shall conduct check weighment of the opium collected by the cultivators with reference to the entries in the Lambardar's record and indicate his findings thereon which shall be attested by him and the Lambardar under their signature with date.

(5) The variation between the quantity of opium produced by the cultivator indicated in the Lambardar's record and as found by the proper officer during his check, shall be inquired into by the proper officer in order to ascertain the liability of the cultivator for punishment under section 19 of the Act.

14. Delivery of opium produced.—All opium, the produce of and cultivated with opium poppy, shall be delivered by the cultivators to the District Opium

Officer or any other officer duly authorised in this behalf, by the Narcotics Commissioner at a place as may be specified by such officer.

15. Opium to be weighed, examined and classified.—All opium delivered by the cultivators to the District Opium Officer or any other officer authorised as aforesaid, shall, in the presence of the concerned cultivator or any person authorised by him and the Lambardar of the village, be weighed, examined and classified according to its quality and correctness and forwarded by the District Opium Officer to the Government Opium Factory in such manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.

16. Procedure where cultivator is dissatisfied with classification of opium.—Any cultivator who may be dissatisfied with the classification of the opium done by the officer referred to in rule 15 may have it reclassified by such officer as the Government Opium Factory separately, after having it properly sealed in his presence and in the presence of the concerned Lambardar.

17. Procedure for sending opium suspected to be adulterated.—When opium delivered by a cultivator to the District Opium Officer or any other officer authorised in this behalf, is suspected of being adulterated with any foreign substance, it shall be forwarded to the Government Opium Factory separately, after it is properly sealed in the presence of the cultivator and the concerned Lambardar.

18. Drawing of samples from opium sent to Government Opium Factory under rule 16 or rule 17.—The sealed opium received separately in accordance with rule 16 or rule 17, shall be opened and sample drawn therefrom in the presence of the cultivator, if he so desires, to whom a receipt containing the date and time in this behalf shall be sent, as in advance.

19. Fixation of price of opium.—(1) The Central Government shall, from time to time, fix the price of opium, to be paid to the cultivators in such manner as it may decide to.

(2) Such price shall be fixed per kilogram of opium of a standard consistence.

20. Provisional payment of price.—(1) The District Opium Officer shall, having regard to the weight and consistence of opium delivered by individual cultivators, work out the weight of such opium of the standard consistence and determine provisionally the total price payable to such cultivators.

(2) The said officer shall pay to the cultivators, ninety per cent. of the price so determined, which shall be subject to adjustment against the final price payable to the cultivators to be determined as provided hereunder.

21. Weighment and examination of the opium at the Government Opium Factory.—The opium forwarded by the District Opium Officer shall be received, weighed, examined, and classified in the Government Opium Factory under the supervision of the General Manager in such manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.

22. Consignment of adulterated opium.—Any such opium received separately under rule 17, if found to be adulterated on examination by the Chemical Examiner in the Government Opium Factory may be liable to confiscation by the General Manager.

23. Adjudication of confiscation of adulterated opium.—No such confiscation shall be ordered by the General Manager unless the concerned cultivator is given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the proposed order and is heard in person, if he so desires.

24. Determination of final price of opium.—(1) Subject to rule 27, the final price of opium payable to the cultivator shall, having regard to the price fixed by the Central Government under rule 19, be determined by the General Manager on the basis of analysis report of the Chemical Examiner [1][*] and communicated to the concerned Licensed Opium Officer.

(2) The price payable in respect of any opium which is delivered to the District Opium Officer or any other officer authorised in this behalf under rule 14 and found initially weighted to be adulterated but found to be adulterated on examination in the Government Opium Factory, shall be subject to reduction at such rates as may be specified by the Central Government.

25. Adjustment of cultivators' account and recovery of dues from the cultivators.—The accounts of the cultivators for a particular crop year shall be adjusted by the Licensed Opium Officer at the time of issuing of licences for the subsequent crop year and any balance that may remain due from the cultivators shall be recovered and any amount due to them so paid.

26. Weights and scales.—The weights and scales to be used for weighing the opium at the weighment centres and the Government Opium Factory shall be caused to be examined at the appropriate time by the Deputy Narcotics Commissioner or the General Manager, as the case may be.

27. Cultivation of opium poppy for exclusive production of poppy straw.—The Central Government may, if it considers it expedient so to do, permit cultivation of the opium poppy for the exclusive production of poppy straw in accordance with a licence issued under rule 5 on such terms and subject to such conditions as may be specified by it, by notification in the Official Gazette in this behalf:

Provided that the poppy straw produced by the cultivation as a result of the cultivation of opium poppy for production of opium, shall be deemed to have been produced under a valid licence issued under rule 5.

28. Appeals to the Deputy Narcotics Commissioner and Narcotics Commissioner.—(1)(a) Any person aggrieved by any decision or order made or passed under these rules relating to refusal, withholding or cancellation of a licence for opium poppy cultivation by an officer of the Narcotics Department, lower in rank than the Deputy Narcotics Commissioner, may appeal to the Deputy Narcotics Commissioner within thirty days from the date of the communication to him of such decision or order.

(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (a), if the decision or order regarding withholding or cancellation of licence for opium poppy cultivation is passed by the Deputy Narcotics Commissioner, such appeal shall be to the Narcotics Commissioner.

Provided that the Deputy Narcotics Commissioner or, as the case may be, the Narcotics Commissioner may, if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented

1. Subs. by G.S.R. 52, dated 14th January, 1991 (w.e.f. 25-2-1991).

from submitting his appeal within the time limit specified in clause (a) due to reasons beyond his control, allow such appeal to be presented within a further period of thirty days.

(2) Every appeal under this rule shall be accompanied by a copy of the decision or order appealed against and shall be in such form and in such manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner in this behalf.

28. Appeals to the Chief Controller of Factories.—(1) Any person aggrieved by any decision or order made or passed under rule 21 or rule 22 by the General Manager may appeal to the Chief Controller of Factories within thirty days from the date of the communication to him of such decision or order:

Provided that the Chief Controller of Factories may, if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented from submitting his appeal within the said time limit due to reasons beyond his control, allow such appeal to be presented within a further period of thirty days.

(2) Every appeal under this rule shall be accompanied by a copy of the decision or order appealed against and shall be in such form and in such manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.

29. Procedure for appeal.—(1) The Appellate Authority shall give an opportunity to appellant to be heard, if he so desires.

(2) The Appellate Authority may, at the hearing of an appeal, allow the appellant to go into any ground of appeal not specified in the grounds of appeal, if the Appellate Authority is satisfied that omission of that ground from the grounds of appeal was not wilful or unreasonable.

(3) The Appellate Authority may, after making such further enquiry as may be necessary, pass such orders as he thinks fit confirming, modifying or annulling the decision or order appealed against:

Provided that any order relating to the quantum of confiscated opium to be confiscated in addition to the opium already confiscated under rule 13 shall not be passed unless the appellant has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the proposed order.

(4) The order of the Appellate Authority disposing of the appeal under this rule shall be in writing and shall state the points for determination, the decision thereon and the reasons for the decision.

(5) On the disposal of the appeal, the Appellate Authority shall communicate the order passed by him to the appellant and the officer who passed the order or made the decision appealed against.

(6) No further appeal or revision shall lie against the order passed by the Appellate Authority under this rule.

CHAPTER IV

MANUFACTURE, SALE AND EXPORT OF OPIUM

31. Manufacture of opium.—Opium shall not be manufactured save by the Central Government Opium Factories at Ghazipur and Neemuch:

Provided that opium mixtures may be manufactured from opium lawfully possessed by a person authorised under the rules made by the State Government for the said purpose.

32. Export of opium.—The export of opium is prohibited save when the export is on behalf of the Central Government.

33. Sale to State Governments or manufacturing chemists.—[(1) The sale of opium to the State Government or manufacturing chemist or the person or entity who has been granted licence under sub-section (3A) of rule 36, as the case may be, shall be only from the Government Opium Factories, located at Neemuch and Ghazipur.

(2) The sale of opium from the Government Opium Factory at Neemuch and Ghazipur to manufacturing chemists or the person or entity who has been granted licence under sub rule (3A) of rule 36, as the case may be, shall be only under a permit granted by or under the orders of the State Government within whose jurisdiction the chemist or the person or entity resides or has his place of business in the form prescribed by that Government.]

(3) The permit referred to in sub-rule (2) shall be issued in quadruplicate and,

(a) the quadruplicate copy shall be retained by the issuing authority and the remaining copies forwarded to the [Government Opium Factories at Neemuch and Ghazipur];

(b) the said factory shall retain the duplicate copy for record, send the original copy with the consignment of opium and return the triplicate copy to the issuing authority after endorsing thereon the quantity actually supplied and the date of despatch.

[33A. Sale of opium derivatives from the Government Opium Factories.—(1) The Government Opium Factories may sell the opium derivatives only if the buyer produces a valid quota allocation under rule 67I.

(2) Every buyer of a opium derivative under sub rule (1), shall provide information to the Chief Controller of Factories regarding its utilisation, or any other related matter in such form and within such time as may be indicated by the Chief Controller of Factories.]

34. Fixation of sales price of opium.—The price to be charged for opium sold under this Chapter shall be fixed, from time to time, by the Central Government in such manner as it may deem fit.

CHAPTER V

MANUFACTURED DRUGS

35. General prohibition.—The manufacture of crude morphine, heroine and its salts and of diacetyl morphine and its salts is prohibited:

[Provided that nothing contained in this rule shall apply to the drugs are manufactured by Government opium factory or by chemical staff employed under the Central Board of Excise and Customs or any person authorised by the

1. Subs. by G.S.R. 98 (E), dated 4th February, 2003 for sub-rules (1) and (2) (w.e.f. 4-2-2003).

2. Subs. by G.S.R. 61 (E), dated 6th February, 2004, for "Government Opium Factory, Ghazipur" (w.e.f. 6-2-2004).

3. Ins. by G.S.R. 98 (E), dated 4th February, 2003 (w.e.f. 15-2-2003).

4. Ins. by G.S.R. 391 (E), dated 20th June, 2007 (w.e.f. 20-6-2007).

Narcotics Control Bureau by a special licence for purposes mentioned in Chapter VIIA:

Provided further that the Narcotics Commissioner shall consult the Drugs Controller-General of India before issuing a licence under this Chapter.]

36. Manufacture of natural manufactured drugs.—(1) The manufacture of cocaine and its salts is prohibited save the manufacture of cocaine hydrochloride by the chemical unit employed under the Central Board of Excise and Customs from confiscated cocaine.

(2) The manufacture of morphine, codeine, diacetyl morphine, thebaine, dihydrocodeinone, dihydrocodeine, acetyldihydrocodeine, acetyldihydrocodeinone, dihydromorphine, dihydroxymorphinone, dihydroxymorphinane, dihydrohydroxycodeinone, pholcodine and their respective salts [other], if the Central Government determines that such licence is necessary in public interest and is in consonance with India's obligations under International medical conventions or treaties];

[(2A) If, in the opinion of the Central Government, the licensee fails to fulfil the purpose for which he is issued a licence under sub-rule (2) or the terms and conditions of the licence, the Central Government may, after giving the licensee a reasonable opportunity of being heard, cancel the licence.]

(3) The manufacture of medicinal hemp shall be under a licence granted by the State Government on payment of such fees and in accordance with such conditions as may be prescribed by that Government in this behalf.

[36A. Manufacture of natural manufactured drugs from poppy straw.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 36, if the Central Government is of the opinion that it is in public interest so to do, the Narcotics Commissioner or any other officer so authorised by the Central Government in this behalf may issue a licence in Form No. 8A on such terms and conditions as may be specified in the licence to manufacture poppy straw concentrate [from poppy straw produced from poppy cultivated under a licence issued under rule 8 of these rules.]

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1. Ins. by G.S.R. 591(E), dated the 1st August, 2000 (w.e.f. 4-7-2000).
2. Added by G.S.R. 1018, dated 26th December, 1997 (w.e.f. 26-12-1997).
3. The words "from Indian natural sources" omitted by S.O. 1018(E), dated 17th June, 2010 (w.e.f. 17-6-2010).
4. Ins. by S.O. 1018(E), dated 17th June, 2010 (w.e.f. 17-6-2010).
5. Subs. by G.S.R. 1018(E), dated 30th May, 2015, for "from poppy straw" (w.e.f. 1-6-2015).

(2) The licensee may also manufacture morphine, codeine, thebaine, diosmine, dihydrocodeinone, dihydrocodeine, acetyldihydrocodeine, acetyldihydrocodeinone, dihydromorphine, oripavine, dihydrooripavine, dihydrooripavinehexe, pinoxidine and their respective salts from the poppy straw concentrate manufactured under sub-rule (1).

(3) If, in the opinion of the Central Government, the licensee fails to fulfil the purpose for which he is issued a license under sub-rule (1), or the terms and conditions of the license, the Central Government may after giving the licensee a reasonable opportunity of being heard, cancel the license.]

[29. Manufacture of synthetic manufactured drugs.—Subject to the provisions of rule 36, the manufacture of manufactured drugs notified under sub-clause (ii) of clause (xi) of section 2 of the Act including the essential narcotic drugs notified under clause (xiiia) of section 2 of the Act (hereafter referred to as the drug) but not including preparation containing any manufactured drug from materials which the maker is lawfully entitled to possess is prohibited save under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted by the Narcotics Commissioner or such other officer as may be authorised by the Central Government in this behalf, in Form No. 5 appended to these rules.

Explanation.—For the removal of doubts it is hereby clarified that the licence to manufacture a preparation containing any manufactured drug and excluding the preparations notified as essential narcotic drugs under clause (xiiia) of section 2 of the Act shall be regulated under the rules made by the State Government under section 10 of the Act.]

[29A. Application for licence.—(1) Every application for a licence or for renewal thereof under the provisions of rule 29 or rule 36 or rule 37 shall be in such form and manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.

(2) A fee of rupees five thousand shall be payable in advance to the Central Government for each licence issued under rule 37 or for renewal thereof.]

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1. Subs. by G.S.R. 374(E), dated 5th May, 2015, for rule 37 (w.e.f. 5-5-2015). Earlier rule 37 was substituted by G.S.R. 76(E), dated 4th February, 2004 (w.e.f. 4-2-2004) for rule 37 (w.e.f. 1st July, 2001) by G.S.R. 426(E), dated 1st July, 2001. Prior to its substitution, Rule 37 was substituted by G.S.R. 374(E), dated 5th May, 2015, dated as under:

"37. Manufacture of synthetic manufactured drugs.—(1) Subject to the provisions of rule 36, the manufacture of manufactured drugs notified under sub-clause (ii) of clause (xi) of section 2 of the Act, (hereinafter referred to as the drug) but not including preparation containing any manufactured drug from materials which the maker is lawfully entitled to possess or prohibited save under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted by the Narcotics Control Bureau Chief or such other officer as may be authorised by the Central Government in this behalf, in Form No. 5 appended to these rules.

(2) A fee of rupees five thousand shall be payable in advance to the Central Government for each licence issued under this rule or for renewal thereof."

2. Subs. by G.S.R. 374(E), dated 5th May, 2015, for rule 38 (w.e.f. 5-5-2015). Earlier rule 38 was substituted by G.S.R. 282(E), dated 28th June, 1994 (w.e.f. 27-6-1994) and by G.S.R. 76(E), dated 4th February, 2004 (w.e.f. 4-2-2004). Rule 38, before substitution by G.S.R. 374(E), dated 5th May, 2015, stood as under:

"38. Application for licence.—Every application for a licence or renewal thereof under rule 36 or rule 37 or rule 38 (previous to rule 38) shall be in such form as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner."

(2) On receipt of an application for issue or renewal of a licence under rule 37, the Narcotics Commissioner shall issue or renew the licence in Form No. 3 within thirty working days from the date of receipt of such application.

(3) In case the licence is not issued or renewed within the period specified in sub-rule (2), the Narcotics Commissioner or any other officer authorised by him in this regard shall inform the applicant the reasons therefor.]

[39. Commencement of manufacture.—(1) A person who has been issued a licence under rule 36 or rule 36A or rule 38 shall not commence manufacture without obtaining the licence required under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940) for the manufacture of the drug and the rules framed under section 10 of the Act by State Government of the State in which he has his place of business for the possession, sale and distribution of the drug.

(2) The licensee shall send copy of the licence specified in sub-rule (1) to the Narcotics Commissioner before commencement of manufacture of the drug.

(3) In the event of revocation of licence issued under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940) for the manufacture of the drug or the rules framed under section 10 of the Act by State Government of the State in which he has his place of business for the possession, sale and distribution of the drug, the licence issued under rule 36 or rule 36A or rule 37, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be revoked.]

40. Manufacture only from materials lawfully possessed.—[(1)] The licensee shall not manufacture the drug save from materials which he is lawfully entitled to possess.

[(2) The licensee shall not manufacture the drug without allotment of quota for that drug under sub-rule (2) of rule 37(j).

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1. Subs. by G.S.R. 329(E), dated 5th May, 2015 for rule 39 (w.e.f. 5-5-2015). Earlier rule 39 was substituted by G.S.R. 166(E), dated 13th July, 2011 (w.e.f. 13-7-2011). Rule 39, before substitution, stood as under:—

"39. Conditions for issue of licence.—(1) No licence shall be issued under rule 36 or rule 36A or rule 38 unless the person to whom the licence is to be issued has—

(i) produced or furnished satisfactory evidence regarding the grant to him of the licence under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940) for the manufacture of the drug and the rules framed under section 10 of the Act by State Government of the State in which he has his place of business for the possession, sale and distribution of the drug; and

(ii) made a deposit of Rs. 2,00,000 as security in the manner specified by the security authority for the due observance of the conditions of the licence and the provisions of the Drugs Authority that he is equipped with the land, building and other paraphernalia to properly carry on the business and is in a position to obtain and to store properly the drug.

(2) A licence referred to in sub-rule (1), other than a licence granted under rule 36A, shall be issued subject to the condition that before commencement of the manufacture, the licensee shall obtain the licence required under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940) for the drug to be manufactured, imported in the State and the licence issued by the State Government under section 10 of the Act or any other licence required under any other law for the time being in force."

2. Rule 40 was renumbered as sub-rule (1) thereof by G.S.R. 329(E), dated 5th May, 2015 (w.e.f. 5-5-2015).

3. Ins. by G.S.R. 329(E), dated 5th May, 2015 (w.e.f. 5-5-2015).

41. Limits of manufacture.—The issuing authority, while issuing the licence, shall take into account all relevant factors for prescribing the quantity of the drug to be manufactured by a licensee including the following:—

(a) quantity allotted by the State Government for processing into any preparation or formulation in its manufactory;

(b) quantity required for supply to other firms within or outside the country;

(c) quantity required for reasonable inventory:

Provided that the total quantity of the drug manufactured during any one year does not exceed the estimated requirements of this country for the relevant year as furnished to the International Narcotics Control Board.

42. Security arrangements.—The licensee shall ensure all necessary security arrangements in the manufacturing premises as may be specified by the issuing authority.

[43. Advance notice for cessation and recommencement of manufacture.—(1) The licensee shall give at least one month's notice in writing to the issuing authority before he ceases to manufacture the drug for any reason whatsoever:

Provided that the notice referred to in this sub-rule shall not apply in case the cessation of manufacture is on account of unforeseen circumstances beyond the control of the licensee;

(2) The licensee shall give at least fifteen days notice in writing to the issuing authority prior to the date of recommencement of manufacture of the drug after cessation of manufacture of the drug as mentioned in sub-rule (1).]

44. Possession, sale and distribution.—The licensee shall not possess or sell or distribute the drug otherwise than in accordance with the rules made by the State Government under the Act.

[44A. Destruction of drugs.—(1) A licensee seeking to destroy the drug shall apply to the Narcotics Commissioner in such form and manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.

(2) The Narcotics Commissioner shall, within a period of thirty days from the date of receipt of an application under sub-rule (1), appoint a committee comprising a Gazetted Officer in the office of the Narcotics Commissioner, or

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1. Subs. by G.S.R. 359(E), dated 9th May, 2015. Earlier rule 43 was substituted by G.S.R. 570(E), dated 6th August, 2014, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, section 3, sub-section (i). Prior to its substitution, rule 43 read as under:—

"43. Advance notice for cessation and recommencement of manufacture.—The licensee shall give at least 15 days notice in writing to the issuing authority of the date on which he proposes to commence manufacture. If the drug ceases to be manufactured, the licensee shall not resume manufacture of the drug.

44. Cessation of manufacture.—Where the licensee ceases manufacture or ceases to carry on such business, he or his legal representative or any other authority in his behalf shall, in writing, forthwith inform the issuing authority of such cessation:

Provided that the issuing authority may grant further extension in case the period of cessation of manufacture exceeds 21 days."

2. Ins. by G.S.R. 359(E), dated 9th May, 2015 (w.e.f. 12-6-2015).

3. Ins. by G.S.R. 359(E), dated 9th May, 2015 (w.e.f. 12-6-2015).

Narcotics Control Bureau, constituted vide notification number S.O. 96(E), dated the 17th March, 1986, Superintendent of Central Excise of the concerned range and an authorised representative of the applicant for supervising the destruction of the drug and such destruction shall be carried out within a period of thirty days from the appointment of the committee.

(2) The destruction of the drug shall be carried out in accordance with the provision of the relevant laws for the time being in force.]

46. Maintenance of accounts and submission of returns.—The licensee shall maintain true accounts of all transactions including the quantity of materials used for the manufacture of the drug, the quantities manufactured, sold or otherwise disposed of and furnish returns in such forms and in such manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.

47. Inspection of stocks, etc.—(1) The stocks of the drug and the materials used for its manufacture and all accounts and records or licensed premises relating thereto, shall be open to inspection by any officer authorised by the issuing authority.

(2) A serially numbered inspection Book shall be maintained by the licensee in good condition for the use of such officer.

48. Suspension and revocation of licences.—(1) Without prejudice to any action that may be taken under the provisions of the Act, the issuing authority may suspend or cancel a licence—

(a) if the licence is transferred or sublet without the prior approval of the issuing authority; or

(b) in the event of any breach of any conditions of the licence; or

(c) if the licensee is convicted for any offence under the Act or under any other law relating to the narcotic drugs for the time being in force in any State.

(2) No order shall be passed under sub-rule (1) unless the licensee has been given a reasonable opportunity showing cause against the said order or is heard in person, if he so desires.

49. Appeals.—(1) The licensee may file an appeal against the decision or order made or passed under rule 48 to—

(i) the Narcotics Commissioner where such decision or order was made or passed by any officer subordinate to him; and

(ii) the [Secretary, Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue or any other officer, not below the rank of Additional Secretary to the Government of India, authorised by him in this behalf], in any other case,

within 30 days from the date of communication to him of such decision or order.

(2) Every memorandum of appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the decision or order appealed against.

(3) Every appeal under this rule shall be filed in such form and in such manner as may be specified by the [Central Government].

Subs. by S.O. 772(E), dated 13th April, 2012, for "Board" (w.e.f. 1-4-2012).

51. Procedure for appeal.—(1) The Appellate Authority shall give an opportunity to the appellant to be heard in person, if he so desires.

(2) The Appellate Authority may, in the interests of an appeal allow the appellant to go into any ground of appeal not specified in the grounds of appeal, if the Appellate Authority is satisfied that omission of that ground from the grounds of appeal was not wilful or unreasonable.

(3) The Appellate Authority may, after making such further inquiry as may be necessary, pass such orders as it thinks fit, confirming, modifying or annulling the decision or order appealed against.

(4) The order of the Appellate Authority disposing of the appeal under this rule shall be in writing and shall state the points for determination, the decision thereon and the reasons for the decision.

52. Surrender of licence.—A licensee may, if he so desires, surrender his licence by giving not less than 15 days' notice in writing to the issuing authority.

53. Disposal of stocks of drugs on cancellation of licence, etc.—Such stocks of drugs as may be in the possession of a licensee at the expiry or cancellation or surrender of his licence, shall be disposed of in such manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner in this behalf.

[CHAPTER VA

POSSESSION, TRANSPORT, IMPORT INTER-STATE, EXPORT INTER-STATE, SALE, PURCHASE, CONSUMPTION AND USE OF ESSENTIAL NARCOTIC DRUGS

53A. Possession of essential narcotic drugs.—(1) No person shall possess any essential narcotic drug otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of these rules.

(2) Any person may possess an essential narcotic drug in such quantity as has been at any time sold or dispensed for his use in accordance with the provisions of these rules.

(3) A registered medical practitioner may possess essential narcotic drugs for use in his practice but not for sale or distribution, in such cases, the quantity mentioned in the Table below, namely—

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1. Chapter VA (containing rule 53A) inserted by G.S.R. 788(E), dated 5th November, 1988 (w.e.f. 1-6-1989).

TABLE

(1) Sl. No.	(2) Name of the essential Narcotic Drug	(3) Quantity
1	Morphine and its salts and all preparations containing more than 0.2 per cent. of Morphine	100 Milligrammes
2	Methyl Morphine (commonly known as Codeine) and Ethyl Morphine and their salts (including Dionine) all dilutions and preparations except those which are compounded with one or more other ingredients and containing not more than 100 milligrammes of the Drug per dosage unit and with a concentration of no more than 2.5% in undivided preparations and which have been established in therapeutic practice	2500 Milligrammes
3	Thebaine (commonly known as Dipy codone) and Dihydromorphinone), its esters such as Enadol, Neocon, Dilaudon, Eydrotherm, Numorphan, Percodan, Supudrol, Tebodon and Trocal, its esters and the salts of its esters and preparations, admixtures, mixtures or other substances containing any of these drugs	250 Milligrammes
4.	17-Hydroxydesoxy (commonly known as Hydromorphinol) its esters such as Acedol, Cedilanid, Dromoran, Hydrocodin, Multacodin, Neodolan, Percomed and Thebacon and its esters and salts of its esters and preparation, admixtures, mixtures or other substances containing any of these drugs	325 Milligrammes
5	1-phenethyl-4-N - propionyl anilino piperidine the intermediate or preparations, one of which is fentanyl and its salts and preparations, admixtures, mixtures or other substances containing any of these drugs	Two hundredth portion not exceeding 12.5 micrograms per dosage unit 5 microgram per cent.

Provided that the Controller of Drugs or any other officer authorised in this behalf by him may by special order authorise, in Form 30, any such practitioner to possess the aforesaid drugs in quantity larger than as specified in the above Table

Provided further that such authorisation may be granted or renewed for a period not exceeding three years at a time

Explanation. - The expression "for use in his practice" means only the actual administration of the drugs to a patient under the care of the registered medical practitioner in accordance with established medical standards and practices

(3) For renewal of the authorisation referred to in the second proviso to sub-rule (2), application shall be made to the Controller of Drugs at least thirty days before the expiry of the period of authorisation

(4) (a) The Controller of Drugs may, by order, prohibit any registered medical practitioner from possessing for use in his practice under sub-rule (2) any essential narcotic drug where such practitioner—

(ii) has violated any provision of these rules; or

(iii) has been convicted of any offence under the Act; or

(iv) has, in the opinion of the Controller of Drugs, abused such possession or otherwise been rendered unfit to possess such drug.

(5) Where any order is passed under clause (a) of this sub-rule, the registered medical practitioner concerned shall forthwith deliver to the Controller of Drugs the essential narcotic drug given in the possession and the Controller of Drugs shall issue orders for the disposal of such drugs.

(6) The Controller of Drugs may, by a general or special order, authorise any person to possess essential narcotic drug as may be specified in that order.

(7) A recognised medical institution may possess essential narcotic drug in such quantity and in such manner as specified in these rules.

(8) A manufacturer may possess essential narcotic drug in such quantity as may be specified in the licence issued under rule 9A, rule 36A, or rule 37 of these rules or the licence issued for manufacturing the preparations of essential narcotic drugs under the rules made by the State Government under section 10 of the Act:

[Provided that there shall be no limit to the possession of essential narcotic drug by the Government Opium Factories.]

(9) A licensed dealer or a licensed chemist may possess essential narcotic drug in such quantity, and in such manner as may be specified in the licence issued under these rules.

52B. Provisions regarding licensed dealer and licensed chemist. (1) A licensed dealer or a licensed chemist shall apply for a licence to possess, sell, exhibit or offer for sale or distribution by retail or wholesale, essential narcotic drugs to the authority competent to issue licence to possess, sell, exhibit or offer for sale or distribution by retail or wholesale, manufactured drugs under the rules framed under section 10 of the Act by State Government of the State in which he has his place of business.

(2) Every application for issue of licence referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be in such form and manner as may be specified by the authority referred to in the said sub-rule.

(3) The licence to possess, sell, exhibit or offer for sale or distribution by retail or wholesale, essential narcotic drugs shall have the same conditions as are applicable to a licence to possess, sell, exhibit or offer for sale or distribution by retail or wholesale, manufactured drugs under the rules framed under section 10 of the Act by the State Government.

(4) The licence under this rule shall be obtained within a period of one hundred and eighty days from the date of commencement of these rules.

. Subs. by G.S.R. 388(E), dated 17th June, 2014, for sub-rule (8) (w.e.f. 17th June, 2014). Before substitution, sub-rule (8) stood as under:

"(8) A manufacturer may possess essential narcotic drug in such quantity as may be specified in the licence issued under rule 9A, rule 36A, or rule 37 of these rules"

52C. Import Inter-State and Export Inter-State of essential narcotic drugs.—Any person who is permitted to possess essential narcotic drug under rule 52A may import Inter-State or export Inter-State such drug upto the quantity he is permitted to possess.

52D. Transport of essential narcotic drugs.—(1) Subject to the provisions of rule 52C, no consignment of essential narcotic drugs shall be transported, imported Inter-State or exported Inter-State unless such consignment is accompanied by a consignment note in Form No. 3C and in the manner as provided in sub-rules (2) and (3).

(2) The consignment note referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be prepared in triplicate, and the original and duplicate copies of the said note shall be sent along with the consignment of essential narcotic drugs to the consignee who shall return the duplicate copy of the note to the consignor for his use after endorsing on the original and duplicate copies, the particulars of the receipt of the quantity consigned.

(3) The consignor and consignee shall preserve such consignment note referred to in sub-rule (1) for a period of two years:

Provided that the said consignment note shall not apply in cases where the sale of the essential narcotic drug is accompanied by a sale bill or invoice or cash memo or any other document duly signed by the consignor or his authorised signatory, which shall include the following information about the consignments—

(a) name, address and licence number of the consignor and the consignee;

(b) description, batch number and quantity;

(c) mode and particulars of transport.

Provided further that such documents shall be preserved by the consignor and consignee for a period of two years.

Explanation.—Where the consignee is a person to whom the essential narcotic drug has been sold or dispensed for his personal use, research institution, registered medical practitioner, recognised medical institution or hospital, the requirement of mentioning licence number of the consignee shall not be applicable.

52E. Transmission of essential narcotic drugs by post, courier, rail or road.—The transmission of essential narcotic drugs by inland post or courier or by rail or by road by a manufacturer, licensed dealer or licensed chemist is permitted, subject to the following conditions, namely:

(i) the parcel of the essential narcotic drugs which sent by post shall be sent by registered post;

(ii) the parcel of essential narcotic drugs shall be accompanied by a declaration showing the names of consignor and consignee, the contents of the parcel in detail, the number of licence or authorisation or receipt on hold by the consignee;

(c) the consignee shall show distinctly on his account books, if he is a licensee, the name of the consignor and the consignment respectively and the quantity of the essential narcotic drugs imported, interstate, exported inter-State or transported by land or air, as the case may be, from one State to another by post or by road or by rail.

325. Rule—(1) A manufacturer of essential narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances shall not manufacture—

(a) a formulation by a manufacturer who has been granted a licence under rule 61 of these rules or a manufacturer of preparations of essential narcotic drugs who has been granted a licence under the corresponding rules made by the State Government under section 10 of the Act;

(b) a medicinal tincture;

(c) a medicinal elixir;

(d) a registered medical practitioner;

(e) a person who has been authorised by the Controller of Drugs under these rules; or

(f) a recognised medical institution.

(2) A licensed chemist shall sell essential narcotic drugs only on prescription and subject to the provisions of the Drug and Cosmetics Rules, 1945.

(3) A recognised medical institution shall dispense or sell essential narcotic drugs in such manner as specified in these rules.

326. Registered medical practitioner and conditions relating to their prescriptions—(1) A prescription for the supply of essential narcotic drugs shall be given by a registered medical practitioner otherwise than in accordance with the following conditions, namely:

(a) the prescription shall be in writing, dated and signed by the practitioner with his full name, address and registration number and shall specify the name and address of the person to whom the prescription is given and the total quantity of the essential narcotic drug to be supplied alongwith daily dose and period of consumption:

Provided that where such drug to be supplied on the prescription is a patent or proprietary medicine, it shall be sufficient to specify the quantity and strength of the medicine to be supplied.

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1. Subs. by G.S.R. 360(E), dated 17th June, 2015, for sub-rule (1) (w.e.f. 1st July, 2015).

Before substitution, sub-rule (1) stood as under:

"(1) A manufacturer or licensee shall not sell essential narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances—

(a) to a medical practitioner;

(b) to a registered dentist;

(c) to a registered medical practitioner;

(d) to a person who has been authorised by the Controller of Drugs under these rules; or

(e) to a recognised medical institution."

(iii) the prescription shall not be given for the use of the prescriber himself.

52H. Authorisation and accounts.—(1) The Controller of Drugs may by a general or special order authorise

(a) any person in charge of an educational institution or engaged in scientific research to possess and use, for educational or scientific purposes only, essential narcotic drugs in such quantity and in such manner as may be specified in the said order;

(b) a pilot of an aircraft or certain of a ship to possess and use, on the aircraft or ship, as the case may be, in any emergency, essential narcotic drugs in such quantity and in such manner as may be specified in the said order;

(c) a person in charge of an ambulance or a battle-head train or a battle-head car to possess and use, in an emergency, essential narcotic drugs in such quantity and in such manner as may be specified in the said order.

(2) Every registered medical practitioner and a person authorised by general or special order under this rule shall maintain day to day accounts in respect of all transactions of essential narcotic drugs in Form No. 5D and the records of the daily accounts shall be preserved for a minimum period of two years from the date of last entry.

(3) Every registered medical practitioner shall also maintain a separate record in Form No. 5E for each patient and such record shall be preserved for a minimum period of two years from the date of last entry.

52-I. Suspension and cancellation of authorisation.—(1) Without prejudice to any action that may be taken under the provisions of the Act, the Controller of Drugs may, for the reasons to be recorded in writing, cancel or suspend the authorisation under rule 52A or 52H,—

(a) if the purpose for which the authorisation was granted ceases to exist or

(b) in the event of any breach, by the holder of such authorisation or by his servant or by any one acting with his express or implied permission on his behalf, of any of the terms and conditions of such authorisation or of any authorisation previously held by him.

(2) No order shall be passed under sub-rule (1) unless the authorised person has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the said order or is heard in person, if he so desires.

52J. Appeal.—(1) Appeal against a decision or order made or passed under rule 52-I may be filed by the person against whom such decision or order has been made or passed, to the Secretary to the State Government responsible for implementation of the Drugs and Cosmetic Rules, 1945 in the State within a period of sixty days from the date of communication of such decision or order to him.

(2) Every memorandum of appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the decision or order appealed against.

52K. Procedure for appeal.—(1) The Appellate Authority referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 52J shall give an opportunity to the appellant to be heard in person, if he so desires.

(2) The said Appellate Authority may, at the hearing of an appeal allow the appellant to raise any other ground not specified in the appeal, if the Appellate Authority is satisfied that omission of that ground was not wilful or unreasonable.

(3) The Appellate Authority may, after making such further inquiry as may be necessary, pass such order as it thinks fit, confirming, modifying or annulling the decision or order appealed against.

(4) The order of the Appellate Authority disposing of the appeal under this rule shall be in writing and shall state the points of determination, the decision thereon and the reasons for the decision.

52L. Surrender of authorisation, etc.—An authorised person, if he so desires, may surrender the authorisation by giving not less than fifteen days notice in writing to the issuing authority.

52M. Disposal of stocks of essential narcotic drugs on expiry, surrender, cancellation of authorisation, etc.—(1) Such stocks of essential narcotic drugs as may be in the possession of an authorised person, on the expiry or cancellation or surrender of his authorisation, shall be disposed of in such manner as may be specified by the Controller of Drugs in this behalf.

(2) The stock of essential narcotic drugs as may be in the possession of an authorised person or a registered medical practitioner shall be destroyed in such manner as may be specified by the Controller of Drugs.]

[CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO RECOGNISED MEDICAL INSTITUTION

52N. Government, etc. hospital, dispensary to be deemed recognised medical institution.—Government or Municipal Corporation or Municipal Council or Zilla Parishad hospital, dispensary or medical institution, with at least one registered medical practitioner possessing a minimum qualification of a degree in medicine or dentistry and who has undergone training in pain relief and palliative care for prescription of essential narcotic drugs for pain relief and palliative care or training in opioid substitution therapy for prescription of essential narcotic drugs for treatment of opioid dependence, who shall prescribe and dispense essential narcotic drugs, shall be deemed to be a recognised medical institution under these rules for possessing, dispensing or selling of essential narcotic drugs for medical purpose.

Explanation.—For the removal of doubts it is hereby clarified that Government or Municipal Corporation or Municipal Council or Zilla Parishad hospital, dispensary and medical institution, shall be exempt only from making application to the Controller of Drugs for recognition as recognised medical

1. Chapter VI-A inserted by G.S.R. 1000(E), dt. the 28th December, 2005 (w.e.f. 1-1-2006), published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Sec. 3(i), dated the 28th December, 2005, pp. 1-3.

institution, but all other provisions of this Chapter shall be equally applicable to such declared recognised medical institutions as are applicable to other recognised medical institutions.

52-O. Recognition of medical institutions.—(1) A medical institution seeking to be a recognised medical institution or declared as such recognition under these rules for possessing, dispensing or storing essential narcotic drugs for medical purposes shall apply in Form No. 18 to the Controller of Drugs.

(2) The Controller of Drugs on receipt of application referred to in sub-rule (1) may subject to any inquiry which may be necessary, issue a Certificate of Recognition in Form No. 20 and such certificate shall be issued within sixty days from the date of receipt of such application.

(3) Where the Certificate of Recognition to a medical institution has been cancelled or suspended under rule 52J, the Controller of Drugs or any officer authorised by him in this behalf shall inform the applicant the reasons thereof.

(4) The Certificate of Recognition shall be issued for a period not exceeding three years at a time.

(5) For renewal of the recognition referred to in sub-rule (4), application shall be made to the Controller of Drugs at least sixty days before the expiry of previous recognition.

(6) The Certificate of Recognition shall be obtained within a period of one hundred and eighty days from the date of commencement of these rules.

(7) In the event of a change in the constitution of a recognised medical institution, the current recognition shall be deemed to be valid for a maximum period of three days from the date on which the change took place.

52P. Suspension and Cancellation of recognition.—(1) Without prejudice to any action that may be taken under the provisions of the Act, for the reasons to be recorded in writing, the Controller of Drugs may suspend or cancel the recognition referred to in rule 52-O—

(i) if the essential narcotic drugs obtained by a recognised medical institution were supplied for non-medical use; or

(ii) in the event of any breach of the conditions of the recognition; or

(iii) in the event of violation of any of the provisions of the Act or rules and orders made thereunder.

(2) No order shall be passed under sub-rule (1) unless the recognised medical institution has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against it, and persons or is heard in person, if he so desires.

52Q. Designated medical practitioner.—(1) Every recognised medical institution shall designate one or more registered medical practitioner who has made adequate training in pain relief and palliative care or training in medical therapy for prescription of essential narcotic drugs for treatment of opioid dependence, who shall prescribe and dispense essential narcotic drugs.

(2) Where more than one registered medical practitioner is designated, one of them shall be designated as "owner" in charge.

(3) The name of the designated medical practitioner in overall in charge, as the case may be, shall be endorsed on the Certificate of Recognition issued under rule 52(1) by the Controller of Drugs.

(4) Whenever there is a change in the designated medical practitioner in overall in charge, as the case may be, the recognised medical institution shall inform the Controller of Drugs within seven days from date of such change for appropriate endorsement on the Certificate of Recognition.

52B. Duties of designated medical practitioner. (1) The designated medical practitioner or the overall in charge, as the case may be, shall,—

(a) supervise the patients to whom essential narcotic drugs shall be dispensed or sold for medical use only;

(b) maintain separate record in Form No. 32 for each product, which shall be preserved for a minimum period of two years from the date of last entry;

(c) maintain record of all receipts and disbursements of essential narcotic drugs in Form No. 31, which shall be preserved for a minimum period of two years from the date of last entry; and

(d) file return for a calendar year on or before the 31st of March of the subsequent year in Form No. 34 to the Controller of Drugs.

(2) In the event of any change in the constitution of the recognised medical institution, the designated medical practitioner or the overall in charge, as the case may be, shall inform the Controller of Drugs in writing within thirty days from the date of such change for issue of fresh Certificate of Recognition.

52C. Surrender of recognition.—(1) A recognised medical institution may surrender its recognition by giving not less than thirty days' notice in writing to the Controller of Drugs.

(2) On surrender of the recognition, the essential narcotic drugs in the possession of the recognised medical institution shall be disposed of in such manner, including transfer to another recognised medical institution, as may be specified by the Controller of Drugs.

52D. Estimates of requirement.—(1) Every recognised medical institution shall submit an estimate of its annual requirement of essential narcotic drugs in Form No. 33 by the 30th November of the preceding calendar year to the Controller of Drugs.

(2) If the requirement of a recognised medical institution exceeds the annual estimate submitted to the Controller of Drugs it shall submit a revised estimate by the 31st August of the calendar year to which the said annual estimate pertains, to the Controller of Drugs.

Explanation.—For the removal of doubts it is hereby clarified that a recognised medical institution may sell and dispense essential narcotic drugs over and above the quantity indicated in the estimate submitted to the Controller of Drugs as specified in this rule, but the designated medical practitioner or the overall in charge, as the case may be, shall record a brief justification for such increase while furnishing return in Form No. 34.

52C. Possession of essential narcotic drug by recognised medical institution.—A recognised medical institution shall possess essential narcotic drugs in quantities not exceeding the quantities mentioned in the estimate or revised estimate, as the case may be, of the annual requirement of such drug submitted to the Controller of Drugs under rule 52F.

52D. Miscellaneous.—(1) The expired stock of essential narcotic drugs shall be destroyed by the recognised medical institution in the presence of an officer nominated by the Controller of Drugs.

(2) The unused essential narcotic drugs returned by the patients shall be considered as receipts by the recognised medical institution.

(3) Essential narcotic drugs shall not be transferred, loaned or sold by the recognised medical institution to other institutions without the prior approval of the Controller of Drugs.

52DA. Home care treatment.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, where home care treatment is provided to a patient registered with a recognised medical institution by deputing qualified personnel of such recognised medical institution to the home or residence or place of stay, either permanent or temporary, of such patient, the designated medical practitioner or the overall in charge, as the case may be, shall authorise such personnel to carry such quantity of essential narcotic drugs as may be required for treatment of such patient:

Provided that home care treatment shall not be provided for treatment of opioid dependence.

(2) The designated medical practitioner or the overall in charge shall maintain proper record of such issue and also of the unused essential narcotic drugs received from such personnel after completion of visit to the patient.

52E. Maintenance of records.—All records generated under this Chapter shall be kept for a period of two years from the date of last entry.

52F. Inspection of stocks.—The stocks of essential narcotic drugs under the custody of a recognised medical institution shall be open for inspection by the Controller of Drugs or any other officer authorised by him in this regard.

52G. Appeal.—(1) A recognised medical institution aggrieved by any decision or order passed by the Controller of Drugs under this Chapter may appeal to the Secretary in the State Government responsible for implementation of Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945 within a period of sixty days from the date of communication to him of such decision or order.

(2) Every memorandum of appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the decision or order appealed against.

52GA. Procedure for appeal.—(1) The Appellate Authority referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 52G shall give an opportunity to the appellant to be heard in person, if he so desires.

(2) The Appellate Authority referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 52G may, at the hearing of an appeal allow the appellant to raise any other ground not specified in the appeal, if the Appellate Authority is satisfied that omission of that ground from the appeal was not wilful or unreasonable.

(5) The Appellate Authority referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 527 may, after making such further inquiry as may be necessary, pass such order as it thinks fit confirming, modifying or annulling the decision or order appealed against.

(6) The order of the Appellate Authority disposing of the appeal under this rule shall be in writing and shall state the points for determination, the decision thereon and the reasons for the decision.]

CHAPTER VI

IMPORT, EXPORT AND TRANSHIPMENT OF NARCOTIC DRUGS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

[54. General prohibition.—Import into and export out of India of the narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances is prohibited except with an import certificate or export authorisation issued under the provisions of this Chapter:

Provided that import into India or export out of India of the narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances specified in Schedule I of these rules shall be for the purpose mentioned in Chapter VII-A.]

[***]

55. Import of opium, etc.—The import of—

(i) opium, concentrate of poppy straw, and

(ii) morphine, codeine, thebaine, and their salts is prohibited save by the Government Opium Factory:

[Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply to import of morphine, codeine, thebaine and their salts by manufacturers notified by the Government

1. Subs. by G.S.R. 334(E), dated 28th March, 2013, for rule 53 (w.e.f. 28-3-2013). Earlier rule 53 was amended by G.S.R. 388(E), dated 26th June, 1995 (w.e.f. 27-6-1995). Rule 53, before substitution, stood as under:

"53. General prohibition.—Subject to the other provisions of this Chapter, the import into and export out of India of the narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances specified in Schedule I is prohibited:

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply to the drug substances imported or exported by or on behalf of the Government or by such persons or institutions licensed under the provisions of this Chapter and for the purposes mentioned in Chapter VII-A."

2. Rule 54 was amended by G.S.R. 334(E), dated 28th March, 2013 (w.e.f. 28-3-2013). Earlier rule 54 was amended by S.O. 1992(E), dated 10th August, 1992 (w.e.f. 10-8-1992) and corrected by G.S.R. 779(E), dated 16th July, 1993 (w.e.f. 30-7-1992). Rule 54, before amendment, stood as under:

"54. Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (2), no person shall export any of the narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances or preparations containing any of such narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances specified in Schedule I to the countries or territories, other than those specified therein.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1) above, the Narcotics Commissioner may, in case of export of specified quantities of such narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances or preparations containing such narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances on payment of special import licence granted by the Competent Authority of the country mentioned in Schedule I, which intends such import by way or transit of Indian airport thereon. The shipment of the consignment as allowed shall be accompanied by a copy of such special import licence duly endorsed by the Narcotics Commissioner."

3. Ins. by S.O. 1991(E), dated 12th July, 2000 (w.e.f. 12-7-2000).

for use in manufacture of products to be exported on the import of small quantities of morphine, cocaine and thebaine and their salts not exceeding a total of 1 kilogram during a calendar year for analytical purposes by an importer) other following the procedure which rule 53 and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the import certificate issued in Form No. 4A.]

55. Application for import certificate.—[(1) Subject to rule 54, no narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances [***] shall be imported into India unless a import certificate in respect of the consignment issued by the licensing authority in Form No. 4 [or Form No. 4A, as the case may be] appended to these rules.]

(2) The importer applying for an import certificate under sub-rule (1) in relation to narcotic drugs and [submit along with his application, the original or certified copy of the export permit issued by the concerned State Government.

[(3) Every application for an import certificate shall be in such form and manner and provide such details as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.]

[(4) A fee of rupees one thousand shall be paid to the Central Government alongwith the application under sub-rule (1) for issue of each import certificate under this rule.]

56. Issue of import certificate.—[(1) The Narcotics Commissioner shall issue or reject the import certificate referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 55 within a period of twenty one working days from the date of receipt of an application complied in all respects and where the import certificate is not issued within the aforesaid time period, the Narcotics Commissioner or any other officer authorised by him in this regard shall inform the applicant the reasons therefor.]

[(2) (a)] The licensing authority shall prepare seven copies of the import certificate [***] and deal with them in the manner hereinafter provided, namely:—

Subs. by G.S.R. 1048(E), dated 21st June, 2011, w.e.f. during a financial year for analytical purposes by any importer notified by the Government.—Earlier Sub-rule

2. Omitted by G.S.R. 1048(E), dated 16th July, 1985 [w.e.f. 22-7-1985].

3. The words "specified in the Schedule of the Act" omitted by G.S.R. 1048(E), dated 21st June, 2011, w.e.f. 21st July, 2011.

4. Inserted by G.S.R. 1048(E), dated 16th July, 1985 [w.e.f. 22nd July, 1985].

5. Subs. by G.S.R. 1048(E), dated 21st June, 2011, for sub-rule (2) [w.e.f. 21st July, 2011] before it was read as under:

"(2) An application for the import of [***] shall be accompanied by the Narcotics Commissioner."

6. Subs. by G.S.R. 1048(E), dated 21st June, 2011, for sub-rule (3) [w.e.f. 21st July, 2011] before it was read as under:

"(3) Nothing in this rule shall be deemed to have required any import certificate to be issued in respect of [***] which were lawfully imported into India before the commencement of these rules and which were in the possession of the importer at the time of such commencement."

7. Inserted by G.S.R. 1048(E), dated 16th July, 1985 [w.e.f. 22nd July, 1985].

8. Subs. by G.S.R. 1048(E), dated 21st June, 2011, for sub-rule (1) [w.e.f. 21st July, 2011] before it was read as under:

"(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (2), no narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances shall be imported into India unless a import certificate in respect of the consignment issued by the licensing authority in Form No. 4 [or Form No. 4A, as the case may be] appended to these rules."

9. The words "except in the case of sub-rule (2) of rule 55" omitted by G.S.R. 1048(E), dated 21st June, 2011, w.e.f. 21st July, 2011.

(g) (i) original and duplicate copies should be supplied to the importer who should transmit the original copy to the exporting country and shall produce the duplicate copy at the Customs House, Land Customs Station or Airport where the consignment arrives or, in the case of imports by parcel post, at the post office of delivery, in order to obtain delivery of the consignment of narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances;

(ii) the [Commissioner of Customs] or Post Master shall, on the copy produced by the importer that the narcotic drugs or the psychotropic substances have actually been imported, return the document to the importer who shall indicate on it that he has received the goods;

(iii) the importer shall secure the duplicate copy of the import certificate incorporating the endorsement from the [Commissioner of Customs] or Post Master and his own endorsement to the issuing authority—(1) where the import certificate relates to narcotic drugs, through the excise authorities of the State from which excise permit for purposes of sub-rule (2) of rule 55 was produced; (2) where the import certificate relates to psychotropic substance, through the Drugs Controller of the concerned State.

(h) triplicate copy should be supplied to the [Commissioner of Customs] concerned who shall return it to the issuing authority along with the copy of the export authorization to be received at the time of receipt of the consignment from the Government of the exporting country, such an endorsement as to actual quantity of narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances cleared;

(i) quadruplicate copy of the import certificate in relation to narcotic drug should be supplied to the excise authorities of the State into which the narcotic drug is to be imported and the said copy of the certificate in relation to psychotropic substance should be supplied to the Drugs Controller of the concerned State for comparison with the copy produced before them by the importer under sub-clause (g) of this sub-rule;

(j) quintuplicate copy should be supplied to the Government of the exporting country for comparison with the copy furnished to them by importer under sub-clause (g) of this sub-rule;

(k) sextuplicate copy should be returned to the Drugs Controller, Government of India;

(l) septuplicate copy should be retained by the issuing authority in its office.

(3) An import certificate issued under sub-rule (2) of rule 55 may allow the importation of the quantity of the concerned drug or the substance in more than one consignment.

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1. Subs. by Not. S.O. 3317(E), dated 27th March, 2015, for "Director of Central Excise" (w.e.f. 27-3-2015).

57. Transit.—Subject to the provisions of section 69 of the Act and rule 58, no consignment of any narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances [***] shall be allowed to be transited through India unless such consignment is accompanied by a valid export authorisation in this behalf, issued by the Government of the exporting country:

Provided that the provisions of this rule shall not apply to the carriage by any ship or aircraft of small quantities of such narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances which are essential for treatment of, or medical aid to, any person on board the ship or aircraft.

58. Application for export authorisation. [(1) No narcotic drug or psychotropic substance shall be exported out of India without an export authorisation issued by the issuing authority in respect of the consignment, in Form No. 5 appended to these rules.]

(2) The exporter applying for an export authorisation under sub-rule (1) shall submit,—

(a) where the export authorisation relates to narcotic drug, along with his application the original or an authenticated copy of the valid permit issued by the concerned State Government, and

(b) the import certificate in original issued by the Government of the importing country certifying the official approval of the concerned Government.

[(3) Every application for an export authorisation shall be in such form and manner and provide such details as may be specified by the Narcotic Commissioner.]

[(4) A fee of rupees one thousand shall be paid to the Central Government along with the application under sub-rule (1) for issue of each export authorisation under this rule.]

59. Issue of export authorisation.—[(1) The Narcotics Commissioner shall issue or deny the export authorisation referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 58 within

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* The words "specified in Schedule I of the Act" omitted by G.S.R. 336(E), dated 25th March, 2015 (w.e.f. 25-3-2015), earlier these words were amended by G.S.R. 1166(E), dated 10th July, 1992 (w.e.f. 21-7-1992).

* Subs. by G.S.R. 336(E), dated 25th March, 2015 for sub-rule (1) (w.e.f. 25-3-2015). Earlier sub-rule (1) was substituted by G.S.R. 1166(E), dated 10th July, 1992 (w.e.f. 21-7-1992). Sub-rule (1) before substitution by G.S.R. 336(E), dated 25th March, 2015 stood as under:

"(1) No person shall export any narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances specified in the Schedules to the Act, except in pursuance of an export authorisation or import-cum-export authorisation in respect of the consignment issued by the issuing authority in Form No. 5 appended to these rules."

* Subs. by G.S.R. 336(E), dated 25th March, 2015 for sub-rule (3) and (4) [(w.e.f. 25-3-2015). Earlier sub-rule (3) was substituted and sub-rule (4) was inserted as sub-rule (5) thereof by G.S.R. 336(E), dated 10th July, 1992 (w.e.f. 21-7-1992) and sub-rule (3) was substituted by G.S.R. 1166(E), dated 10th July, 1992 (w.e.f. 21-7-1992). Sub-rule (3) and (4) before substitution by G.S.R. 336(E), dated 25th March, 2015 stood as under:

"(3) The application for export authorisation shall be in such form and manner and shall contain such particulars as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.

(4) No export authorisation shall be issued unless a fee of rupees one thousand has been paid."

* Ins. by G.S.R. 336(E), dated 25th March, 2015 (w.e.f. 25-3-2015).

ected of twenty one working days from the date of receipt of an application complete in all respects and in case the export authorization is not issued within the stipulated time period or denied, the Narcotics Commissioner or any other officer authorised by him in this regard shall inform the applicant the reasons thereof.]

4[(1A)] The issuing authority shall prepare five copies of the export authorisation [***] and deal with them in the manner hereunder provided, namely:—

(a) the original should be supplied to the consignor which shall accompany the consignment;

(b) the duplicate copy should be forwarded to the [Commissioner of Customs] of the port who will return it to the issuing authority indicating on it the date of export and the quantity exported;

(c) the triplicate copy should be forwarded to the Government of the importing country;

(d) the quadruplicate copy should be forwarded to the excise authority of the State in which the exporter has his place of business;

(e) quintuplicate copy should be retained by the issuing authority in his office;

(2) Where the consignment of narcotic drug or psychotropic substance is to be transhipped or transited through one or more countries, such additional number of copies of export authorization as may be required shall be prepared and sent to the concerned country or, as the case may be, countries.

60. Transhipment.—Subject to the provisions of section 79 of the Act and rule 59, no consignment of narcotic drug or psychotropic substance [***] shall be allowed to be transhipped at any port in India save with the permission of the [Commissioner of Customs]

61. Procedure for transhipment.—The [Commissioner of Customs] while allowing any consignment of narcotic drug or psychotropic substances, [***] to be transhipped shall, inter alia, satisfy himself that the consignment is accompanied by a valid export authorization issued by the exporting country.

62. Diversion of consignment.—(1) The [Commissioner of Customs] shall take all due measures to prevent the diversion of such consignment to a destination other than that named in the aforesaid export authorization.

(2)[(a)] The [Commissioner of Customs] may permit diversion of such a consignment to a country other than that named in the accompanying copy of

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1. Substituted for certain words by G.S.R. 204(E), dated 19th March, 2015 (w.e.f. 25-3-2015).

2. The words "referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 58" omitted by G.S.R. 204(E), dated 19th March, 2015 (w.e.f. 25-3-2015).

3. Subs. by G.S.R. 204(E), dated 19th March, 2015, for "Collector of Customs" (w.e.f. 25-3-2015).

4. The words "specified in Schedule-I" inserted by G.S.R. 204(E), dated 19th March, 2015 (w.e.f. 25-3-2015); Earlier five words were inserted by G.S.R. 394(E), dated 8th July, 1996 (w.e.f. 25-7-1996).

5. Subs. by G.S.R. 204(E), dated 25th March, 2015, for "Collector of Customs" (w.e.f. 25-3-2015).

the export authorisation subject to the production of import authorisation issued by the Issuing Authority as provided under rule 51, and if the diversion were an export from India to the country or territory of new destination.

(3) The Commissioner of Customs shall inform the issuing authority regarding the actual quantity of the narcotic drug or psychotropic substances, the direction of the consignment of which was allowed under clause (a), whereupon, the issuing authority shall, inform the country from which the export of the consignment originates.

(4) Prohibition of import and export of consignments through a post office box, etc.—No import or export of consignments of any narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances through a post office box or free trade zone is permitted.

CHAPTER VI

PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

52. Manufacture of psychotropic substances.—(1) No person shall manufacture any of the psychotropic substances except in accordance with the conditions of a license granted under the Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945 (hereinafter referred to as the 1945 rules) framed under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940), by an authority in charge of drugs control in a State appointed by the State Government in this behalf.

Provided that a license for manufacture of psychotropic substance specified in Schedule I shall be issued only for the purposes mentioned in Chapter VI-A.[1]

Provided further that the authority in charge of the drugs control in a State shall consult the Narcotics Commissioner before issuing a license to manufacture a psychotropic substance as specified in Schedule I.

(2) The authority in charge of drugs control in a State (hereinafter referred to as the Licensing Authority) shall consult the Narcotics Commissioner with regard to the maximum annual requirements of each of the psychotropic substances in bulk form required for the whole of India in the coming year, taking into account the requirement of such psychotropic substances in the State, the quantity of such substances required for supply to other manufacturers outside the State and the quantity of such substances required for reasonable inventory to be held by the manufacturers, shall specify, by order, the limit of the quantity of such substance which may be manufactured by the manufacturer in the State.

(3) The quantity of the said psychotropic substance which may be manufactured by a licensee in a year shall be intimated by the Licensing Authority to the licensee at the time of issuing the licence.]

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1. Subs. by G.S.R. 2[E], dated 25th March, 2015 for "Manufacture of Chemical" (w.e.f. 25-3-2015).
2. Inserted by G.S.R. 1[E], dated 31st March, 2015 for rule 52 (w.e.f. 31-3-2015). Rule 52 before substitution stood as under:

"52. Chemical analysis.—No person shall manufacture, possess, transport, import into India, export from India, sell, purchase, consume or use any of the psychotropic substances specified in Schedule II."

"[65. Registration and submission of returns. (1) A person who has been granted licence to manufacture one or more psychotropic substances shall register with the Narcotics Controller for each of the substances in the form and manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner:

Provided that the requirement of registration under this sub-rule shall be complied within a period of one hundred and eighty days from the date of coming into force of these rules.

(2) A person who has registered with the Narcotics Commissioner under sub-rule (1) shall be required to furnish the Narcotics Controller such returns and in such form and manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.

(3) The returns for a quarter shall be filed before the last day of the month following that quarter.

(4) If the returns for a quarter is not filed before the due date by a person registered under sub-rule (1) the Narcotics Commissioner may issue notice to explain the reasons therefor and after considering the reasons furnished, if any, may pass order for revoking the registration.

(5) The registration under sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to be revoked, if it is not duly renewed for three succeeding quarters is not filed.

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1. Subs. by G.S.R. 184(E) dated 7th March, 2005 for the following (w.e.f. 7-3-2005): "[65. Registration and submission of returns. (1) A person who has been granted licence to manufacture one or more psychotropic substances shall register with the Narcotics Controller for each of the substances in the form and manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner:

Provided that the requirement of registration under this sub-rule shall be complied within a period of one hundred and eighty days from the date of coming into force of these rules.

(2) A person who has registered with the Narcotics Commissioner under sub-rule (1) shall be required to furnish the Narcotics Controller such returns and in such form and manner as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner.

(3) The returns for a quarter shall be filed before the last day of the month following that quarter.

(4) If the returns for a quarter is not filed before the due date by a person registered under sub-rule (1) the Narcotics Commissioner may issue notice to explain the reasons therefor and after considering the reasons furnished, if any, may pass order for revoking the registration.

(5) The registration under sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to be revoked, if it is not duly renewed for three succeeding quarters is not filed.

(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), any person who is manufacturing any psychotropic substance on the date of coming into force of these rules, may continue to manufacture such psychotropic substance for a period of ninety days from the date of coming into force of these rules and shall apply for registration under sub-rule (1) within the said period of ninety days and in case the application is not made within the said period of ninety days, he shall cease to manufacture such psychotropic substance after the said period of ninety days.

(7) The quantity of the said psychotropic substance which may be manufactured by a person referred to in sub-rule (6) shall not exceed the quantity specified in the licence granted to him under the Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945 (hereinafter referred to as the said rules) and in case no quantity is specified in the licence, the quantity of such substance required for supply to other manufacturers during the period of ninety days from the date of coming into force of these rules, the quantity of such substance required for export in accordance with the export authorisation granted under the said rules and the quantity which may be manufactured by the manufacturer in the ordinary course of business during the said period of ninety days, on the basis of the average of the quantity manufactured by him during the preceding three years.

(8) The quantity of the said psychotropic substance which may be manufactured by a person referred to in sub-rule (6) shall be specified by the Narcotics Controller in the licence granted to him under rule 67 and no psychotropic substance shall be manufactured by such person in excess of the quantity so specified in the licence.

(9) The Narcotics Controller may, for the purpose of ensuring that the quantity of psychotropic substance manufactured by a person referred to in sub-rule (6) does not exceed the quantity specified in the licence granted to him under the Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945 (hereinafter referred to as the said rules) and in case no quantity is specified in the licence, the quantity of such substance required for supply to other manufacturers during the period of ninety days from the date of coming into force of these rules and the quantity required for export in accordance with the export authorisation granted under the said rules and the quantity which may be manufactured by the manufacturer in the ordinary course of business during the said period of ninety days, on the basis of the average of the quantity manufactured by him during the preceding three years.

(10) Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, the Narcotics Controller may, for the purpose of ensuring that the quantity of psychotropic substance manufactured by a person referred to in sub-rule (6) does not exceed the quantity specified in the licence granted to him under the said rules and in case no quantity is specified in the licence, the quantity of such substance required for supply to other manufacturers during the period of ninety days from the date of coming into force of these rules and the quantity required for export in accordance with the export authorisation granted under the said rules and the quantity which may be manufactured by the manufacturer in the ordinary course of business during the said period of ninety days, on the basis of the average of the quantity manufactured by him during the preceding three years.

(11) Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, the Narcotics Controller may, for the purpose of ensuring that the quantity of psychotropic substance manufactured by a person referred to in sub-rule (6) does not exceed the quantity specified in the licence granted to him under the said rules and in case no quantity is specified in the licence, the quantity of such substance required for supply to other manufacturers during the period of ninety days from the date of coming into force of these rules and the quantity required for export in accordance with the export authorisation granted under the said rules and the quantity which may be manufactured by the manufacturer in the ordinary course of business during the said period of ninety days, on the basis of the average of the quantity manufactured by him during the preceding three years.

(12) Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, the Narcotics Controller may, for the purpose of ensuring that the quantity of psychotropic substance manufactured by a person referred to in sub-rule (6) does not exceed the quantity specified in the licence granted to him under the said rules and in case no quantity is specified in the licence, the quantity of such substance required for supply to other manufacturers during the period of ninety days from the date of coming into force of these rules and the quantity required for export in accordance with the export authorisation granted under the said rules and the quantity which may be manufactured by the manufacturer in the ordinary course of business during the said period of ninety days, on the basis of the average of the quantity manufactured by him during the preceding three years.

(5) An appeal against an order passed under sub-rule (4) may be made to the Secretary, Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue or any other officer, not below the rank of Additional Secretary to the Government of India, as he may by him in this behalf, within thirty days from the date of communication of such order.

(6) Every memorandum of appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against.

(7) The Appellate Authority shall, after making such further inquiry as may be considered necessary, pass such orders as it thinks fit, confirming, modifying or annulling the order appealed against.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this rule, the expression "quarter" shall be January to March, April to June, July to September and October to December of every year.]

[65A. Sale, purchase, consumption or use of psychotropic substances. No person shall sell, purchase, consume or use any psychotropic substance except in accordance with the Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945.]

[Provided that such purchase, consumption or use of a psychotropic substance specified in Schedule I shall be only for the purposes mentioned in Chapter VIIA.]

66. Possession, use of psychotropic substances.—[(1) No person shall possess any psychotropic substance for any of the purposes covered under 1985 rules, unless he is lawfully authorized to possess such substance for any of the said purposes under these rules:

Provided that possession of a psychotropic substance specified in Schedule I shall be only for the purposes mentioned in chapter VIIA.]

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), any research institute or a hospital or dispensary maintained or supported by Government or local body or by charity or voluntary subscription, which is not authorised to possess any psychotropic substance under the 1985 Rules, or any person who is not so authorised under the 1985 Rules, may possess a reasonable quantity of such substance as may be necessary for their genuine scientific requirements or genuine medical requirements, or both for such period as is deemed necessary by the said research institution or, as the case may be, the said hospital or dispensary or person:

Provided that where such psychotropic substance is in possession of an individual for his personal medical use the quantity thereof shall not exceed one hundred dosage units at a time:

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1. Ins. by S.O. 1616(E), dated 10th July, 2015 (w.e.f. 1-7-2015).
2. Ins. by G.S.R. 208(E), dated 31st March, 2014 (w.e.f. 25-3-2014).
3. Subs. by G.S.R. 208(E), dated 31st March, 2014, for sub-rule (1) (w.e.f. 25-3-2014), before its substitution, stood as under:

"(1) No person shall possess any psychotropic substance except for the purposes covered under the 1985 Rules, unless he is lawfully authorised to possess such substance for any of the said purposes under these rules."

[Provided, further, that an individual may possess the quantity not exceeding one hundred dosage units at a time [but not exceeding three hundred dosage units at a time] for his personal long term medical use if specifically prescribed by a Registered Medical Practitioner.]

(3) The research institution, hospital and dispensary referred to in sub-rule (2) shall maintain proper accounts and records in relation to the purchase and consumption of the psychotropic substances in their possession.

67. Transport of psychotropic substances.—[(1) No consignment of psychotropic substance shall be transported, imported inter-State or exported inter-State unless such consignment is accompanied by a consignment note in Form 6 appended to these rules and in the manner as provided hereunder:

Provided that a psychotropic substance specified in Schedule I shall be transported, imported inter-State or exported from State only for the purposes mentioned in Chapter VIA:

Provided further that a psychotropic substance specified in Schedule I shall be transported for export out of India only after an export authorisation is issued by the Narcotics Commissioner under rule 52.]

(2) The consignment note referred in sub-rule (1) shall be prepared in triplicate, and the original and duplicate copies of the said note shall be sent along with the consignment of psychotropic substances to the consignee who shall return the duplicate copy of the note to the consignor for his use after endorsing on the original and duplicate copies the particulars of the account of the quantity consigned.

*[***]

(4) The consignor and consignee shall keep such consignment note for a period of two years and the said note may be inspected at any time by an officer authorised in this behalf by the Central Government.

[Provided that consignment note in Form 6 shall not apply in cases where the sale of the psychotropic substance is accompanied by a sale bill or invoice or cash memo of any other document duly signed by the consignor or his authorised signatory, which shall include the following information, namely:—

---

1. Ins. by G.S.R. 1018(E), dated 31st October, 2014 (w.e.f. 1-12-2014).
2. Ins. by G.S.R. 2(E), dated 1st January, 2003 (w.e.f. 1-1-2003).
3. Subs. by G.S.R. 334(E), dated 26th March, 2015, for sub-rule (1) (w.e.f. 27-3-2015). Earlier sub-rule (1), was amended by G.S.R. 1018(E), dated 31st October, 2014 (w.e.f. 1-12-2014). Before its substitution, sub-rule (1) stood as under:

"(1) No consignment of psychotropic substance shall be transported, imported inter-State or exported inter-State unless such consignment is accompanied by a consignment note in Form 6 appended to these rules and in the manner as provided hereunder."

4. Sub-rule (3) omitted by G.S.R. 1018(E), dated 31st October, 2014 (w.e.f. 1-12-2014). Sub-rule (3) stood as under:

"(3) The consignee shall make necessary entries on the triplicate copy of the said note with reference to the receipt of quantity of the said psychotropic substance received and return the duplicate copy of the note."

5. Ins. by G.S.R. 1018(E), dated 31st October, 2014 (w.e.f. 1-12-2014).

(c) name, address and license number of the consignor and the consignee,

(d) description, batch number and quantity,

(e) mode and particulars of transport.

Provided further that such documents shall be preserved by consignor and consignee for a period of two years for inspection by the officers referred to in sub-clause (d) above.

Explanation.—Where the consignee is a research institution, registered medical practitioner, hospital or dispensary, the requirement of prescription, license number of consignee, shall not be applicable.]

[CHAPTER VIA

SPECIAL PROVISIONS REGARDING MANUFACTURE, POSSESSION, TRANSPORT, IMPORT INTO, EXPORT, PURCHASE AND CONSUMPTION OF NARCOTIC DRUGS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES FOR MEDICAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TRAINING PURPOSES]

67A. Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing provisions of this Act,—

(a) a narcotic drug and psychotropic substance may be used for

(i) scientific requirement involving analytical, experimental or any Government academy or any research institution in India or abroad;

(ii) very limited medical requirements of a consignee by a duly authorised person of a hospital or any other institution of the Government especially approved by the Government;

(iii) the purposes of de-addiction of drug addicts by Government or local body or by an approved charity or voluntary organisation or by such other institution as may be approved by the Central Government.

[(iv) the authority exercising the powers under sub-clause (ii) or sub-clause (iii)]

[(v) the purposes of veterinary or research work with animals by or under the authority of the Government and approved by that Government.]

(b) persons performing medical or scientific functions [in the authority exercising the powers under sub-clause (ii) of clause (a)] shall keep records containing the acquisition of the substance and the details of

1 Chapter VIA inserted (retrospectively) by the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Amendment) Act, 1988 (2 of 1989), section 27 (w.e.f. 29-5-1989).

2 Subs. by the N.D.P.S. Amendment Act, 1988 (2 of 1989), section 28, for "MEDICAL AND SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES" (w.e.f. 29-5-1989).

3 Ins. by the N.D.P.S. Amendment Act, 1988 (2 of 1989), section 28 (w.e.f. 29-5-1989).

their use in Form 7 of these rules and such records are to be preserved for at least two years after their [sic];

(c) a narcotic drug and psychotropic substance may be supplied or dispensed for use to a foreigner pursuant to medical prescription only from the authorised licensed pharmacies or other authorised retail distributors designated by authorities responsible for public health.]

[67B. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, the government Opium and Alkaloid works may procure, manufacture or export and supply narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances as may be required as samples by various drug law enforcement agencies, testing laboratories and training institutions of the Central and State Governments.

(2) The Government Opium and Alkaloid Works may also supply samples to organisations other than those covered by sub-rule (1) with the prior approval of the Central Government.

(3) Any enforcement agency, laboratory, training institution or organisation requiring the samples shall apply in the Chief Controller of Factories in Form No. 5.

(4) The quantities of various narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances to be supplied as samples shall be determined by the Central Government from time to time. The organisation obtaining the samples shall designate an officer, at the time of sending the request for samples, in whose custody the samples shall be kept.

(5) The organisation requisitioning the samples shall maintain records and submit an annual report to the Chief Controller of Factories in Form No. 9

(6) Where a sample is used for testing, the organisation shall maintain a record of the quantity of drug taken out for testing and the quantities actually used.]

[67C. Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, the Narcotics Commissioner may permit import or export of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances for the purpose of controlled deliveries, investigations, intelligence collection, scientific analysis]

[CHAPTER VIA

REPORTS, RETURNS AND DECLARATIONS UNDER INTERNATIONAL CONVENTIONS

67D. Submission of reports and returns under international conventions.—(1) All reports and returns which are required to be submitted under any international convention shall be submitted to an international agency by such officer the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint in this behalf from time to time.

1. Ins. by G.S.R. 663(E), dated 26th October, 2006 (w.e.f. 15.12.2006).
2. Chapter VIA (containing rules 67D and 67E) ins. by G.S.R. 360(E), dated 25th July, 2003 (w.e.f. 25.7.2003).

(2) The officer appointed under sub-rule (1) may call for such inputs as may be necessary to submit the returns under sub-rule (1) from the Narcotics Commissioner, the Chief Controller of Factories or any other officer of the Central Government or any State Government indicating the format in which the information is required and the time by which it is required.

(3) The officer from whom inputs have been called for under sub-rule (2), shall provide all inputs which are sought and which are available with him in the format in which it has been called for and within the time indicated in sub-rule (2) and shall also indicate the information not maintained by him or not available.

67B. Estimates and quotas. (1) All estimates of requirement of any narcotic drug have to be submitted under any International Convention, resolution or recommendation, the same shall be submitted to an International agency by such officer the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint in this behalf from time to time.

(2) The estimates of use and consumption of narcotic drugs approved by International agencies for India shall be allotted as quotas to users within the country by such officer as may be notified by the Central Government by notification in the Official Gazette from time to time.

(3) The users to whom such quota is allotted shall not exceed the quota allotted to him and shall submit to the officer appointed under sub-rule (2), such statistics of consumption and use of the narcotic drugs and within such time as may be indicated by the officer.]

CHAPTER XVII

MISCELLANEOUS

68. Repeal and savings.—(1) The Central Opium Rules, 1964, the Dangerous Drugs (Import, Export and Transhipment) Rules, 1957, and the Central Manufactured Drugs Rules, 1963 are hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken or purported to have been done or taken under any of the rules repealed by sub-rule (1) shall, in so far as it is not inconsistent with the provisions of these rules, be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules.

SCHEDULE I

[See rules 57 and 61]

I. Narcotic drugs

1. Coca bush

2. Cocaine [Benzoyl

3. (a) Acetorphine

(b) Acetyldihydrocodeine [Benzitol

(c) Dihydroetorphine [Diprenorphine

---

1. Subs. by G.S.R. 69(E), dated 19th February, 2008, for Schedule I (w.e.f. 21-02-2008).

(c) Etorphine

(d) Kembutramide

and their salts, preparations, admixtures, extracts and other substances containing any of these drugs

II. Psychotropic substances

S. No.	International non-proprietary name (INN)	Other non-proprietary name	Chemical name
1.	Amfetamine		(±)-2-amino-1-phenylpropane
2.	Dexamfetamine		(+)-2-amino-1-phenylpropane
3.	Fenetylline		7-[2-[(α-methylphenethyl)amino]ethyl]theophylline
4.	Levamfetamine		(−)-2-amino-1-phenylpropane
5.	Levomethamfetamine		(−)-N,α-dimethylphenethylamine
6.	Methamfetamine		(+)-N,α-dimethylphenethylamine
7.	Methamfetamine racemate		(±)-N,α-dimethylphenethylamine
8.	Mecloqualone		3-(o-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-4(3H)-quinazolinone
9.	Methaqualone		2-methyl-3-o-tolyl-4(3H)-quinazolinone
10.	Pholcodine		3-morpholinoethylmorphine
11.	Secobarbital	Quinalbarbitone sodium (BAN)	5-allyl-5-(1-methylbutyl)barbituric acid

[1][2]

[3][4]

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1. Rules 3 to 5 omitted by G.S.R. 340(E), dated 31st May, 2013 (w.e.f. 31st May, 2013).
2. Schedule II was substituted by G.S.R. 688(E), dated 25th March, 2015 (w.e.f. 25th March, 2015). Earlier Schedule II was substituted by G.S.R. 685(E), dated 13th October, 2009 (w.e.f. 13th October, 2009). Earlier Schedule II was amended by G.S.R. 955(E), dated 31st August, 1992 (w.e.f. 31st August, 1992). The Schedule II was substituted by G.S.R. 570(E), dated 17th August, 1992 (w.e.f. 17th August, 1992). Earlier Schedule II was substituted by G.S.R. 719(E), dated 14th July, 1992 (w.e.f. 14th July, 1992).
3. Schedule III, omitted by G.S.R. 338(E), dated 31st March, 2015 (w.e.f. 31st March, 2015). Earlier Schedule III was substituted by G.S.R. 687(E), dated 13th October, 2009, (w.e.f. 13th October, 2009). Earlier Schedule III was omitted by G.S.R. 955(E), dated 31st August, 1992 (w.e.f. 31st August, 1992) and was inserted by G.S.R. 719(E), dated 14th July, 1992 (w.e.f. 14th July, 1992).

FORM NO. 1

(See rule 7)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA CENTRAL BUREAU OF NARCOTICS

LICENCE TO GROW OPIUM POPPY FOR PRODUCTION OF OPIUM OR POPPY STRAW

Name and Permanent Address of the licensee

Licence Number

Area licensed

Fee No.(s) as per account receipt

Village

Area entered

Area not measured

Area to be weighed

Signature

(Block Stamp)

Signature and Seal of District Opium Officer

Entries to be made at the time of weighment

Class of opium as declared by [1] [2]	Weight of opium (Kg)	Assessed weight of poppy straw (Kg)	Fees payable on the basis of assessed weight (Rs)	Amount earlier paid pending final measurement of opium at factory	Amount paid at weighment	Total weight of opium at 70° on the basis of factory's record	Average yield of the cultivator	Total amount payable on the basis of factory report	Amount already paid at the time of weighments	Amount payable/ received at the time of final payment
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Signature and Seal of District Opium Officer

Form 1]

FORM NO. 1

(See rule 5)

APPLICATION FOR GRANT OF LICENCE FOR OPIUM POPPY CULTIVATION FOR PRODUCTION OF OPIUM OF POPPY STRAW

Crop year.....

1. Name of the Cultivator.....
2. Father's Name.....
3. Village..... Tehsil..... District.....
4. Khasra No. of the plot of land in which poppy is to be cultivated.....
5. Whether the plot is in the name of the applicant as per revenue records or not, if not whose name?.....
6. Whether the plot specified in column 4 has irrigation facilities (kind of irrigation facilities available, i.e. well, tubewell, etc.).....
7. Area applied for opium poppy cultivation.....
8. Whether the applicant cultivated the poppy in ..... (in past, if so, the latest year in which he.....) cultivated poppy.
9. Whether the applicant was ever prosecuted for violation of any provision of the Act or rules or orders or Departmental instructions. If so, give the year and the reasons for prosecution.....

I hereby certify that the particulars shown above are correct and the land in which opium poppy is to be cultivated is free from litigation.

Attestation
(to be made by Cultivator)

.....
Signature/Thumb impression
of cultivator

(To be completed by the Sub-Inspector-in-charge)

10. Performance of the cultivator during the preceding crop year.
    Crop year..... Area allotted.....
    Area measured..... Area harvested.....
    Average yield at 70°.....
11. Whether the cultivator has ever been prosecuted for evasion of excess cultivation and violation of Departmental instructions, etc., if so the particulars thereof.

Signature.....
(Sub-Inspector-in-charge)

The particulars above recorded by the Sub-Inspector have been verified by me. The cultivator is eligible/ineligible for grant of a licence.

Signature(Sub-Inspector-in-charge)

Area allotted by the District Opium Officer.

.....
Signature of District Opium Officer

Conditions of licence

1. The licensee shall not transfer the cultivation or private poppy only for production of opium or poppy straw over the land or land and the plots specified in the licence.

2. The land in which poppy will be cultivated by the cultivator shall be free from irrigation.

3. The licensee shall get the daily collections of opium obtained from the crop weighed by the Lambardar and also his signature thumb impressions against each entry made by the Lambardar in token of correctness of such entry made by the Lambardar and shall arrange for primary weighments carried out by the staff of the Executive Engineer in the village during which he shall produce the entire quantity collected by him.

4. The licensee shall bring to, and deliver at the place fixed and notified for weighments all opium collected by him from the crop and shall accept for opium so brought by him the price fixed by the Central Government for that crop year.

5. The licensee shall deliver the opium either himself or through any person authorised by him at the time of the weighment and the opium shall be weighed under the supervision of the District Opium Officer or any other officer nominated in this behalf by the Narcotics Commissioner in accordance with rule 46 of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Rules, 1985.

6. If the licensee does not surrender the entire produce of opium to Government or delivers or disposes of any part of the same he shall be liable to action otherwise legally disposes of any part of the same he shall be liable to be prosecuted as per the provisions of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985.

7. The licensee shall accept as much opium as is reasonably possible from all implements, pots and cloth used by him in collecting opium and appropriated with opium in consequence or made of.

8. The final payment for opium delivered by the licensee shall be made to him at appropriate time fixed by the District Opium Officer or any other officer authorised in this behalf.

9. If on the final adjustment of accounts any sum is found due from the licensee he shall pay it to the District Opium Officer or any other officer authorised in this behalf in the manner specified. If the licensee fails to pay the sum due from him it may be recovered from him in the manner provided by section 42 of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985.

10. The licence may be withheld or cancelled at any time if any one is found guilty against the licensee which proves him ineligible for grant of the licence.

11. The licensee shall comply with the provisions of Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985, the Rules framed thereunder and any order issued by the competent authorities of the Narcotics Department from time to time.

12. The licensee shall be punishable under the relevant provisions of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 for any breach of the conditions of the licence.

FORM NO. 2

[*See* rule 37]

LICENCE FOR MANUFACTURE OF MANUFACTURED DRUGS

Licence No. .... date of issue .....

Licence is hereby granted to manufacture the following manufactured drugs in the premises situated at .....

---

1. Subs. by G.S.R. 417(E), dated the 16th February, 2004, for rule 37, (w.e.f. 1-7-2005).

Name of Drug Quantity

(1)

(2)

2. The licence shall be in force from.....to.....

3. The licence is subject to the conditions stated below and to such other conditions as may be specified in the rules for the time being in force under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985).

Signature.....

Date..... Designation.....

Conditions of licence

1. This licence is not transferable.

2. The licence or a true certificate of renewal in force shall be kept on the approved premises and shall be produced at the request of an officer detailed for the purpose by the Licensing Authority.

3. The licensee shall not store, remove or keep the drug or the materials used for the manufacture of the drug at any other place except his place of business.

4. The licensee shall ensure manufacture of the drug to the standard and specifications laid down by or under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940).

5. The licensee, if he contemplates removal of his premises, shall apply to the Licensing Authority at the time specified for such removal, at least thirty days before the expiry of the licence.

6. The licensee shall inform the Licensing Authority in writing in the event of any change in the constitution of the [firm, person or the entity] operating under the licence. Where any change in the constitution of the [firm, person or the entity] takes place, the person/s shall be deemed to be valid for a maximum period of three months from the date on which the change takes place or the normal expiry of the licence whichever is earlier unless in the meantime a fresh licence has been taken from the Licensing Authority in the name of the [firm, person or the entity] with the changed constitution.

FORM NO. 3A

[See rule 3(2)]

Licence No..... Date of issue.....

M/s..... is hereby licensed to manufacture on premises at [specify area] the following manufactured drugs on the premises situated at.....

Name of the drug Quantity

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

2. The licence shall be in force from.....to.....

The licensee is subject to the conditions stated below and to such other conditions as may be specified in the rules for the time being in force under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985).

Date..... Signature.....

Designation.....

Subs. by G.S.R. 1015, dated 10th December, 2008, for "Form" (w.e.f. 4-6-2009).

Ins. by G.S.R. 1015, dated 10th December, 2008 (w.e.f. 4-6-2009).

Conditions of licence

(a) This licence is not transferable;

(b) The licensee shall manufacture concentrate of poppy straw from the poppy straw produced in the fields licensed for the purpose;

(c) This licence and any certificate of renewal in force shall be kept on the approved premises and shall be produced at the request of an officer detailed for the purpose by the Licensing Authority;

(d) The licensee shall ensure that the drugs and the manufactures are as per the specifications laid down by or under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940;

(e) The licensee shall, if he desires, submit applications for renewal of his licence at least thirty days before the expiry of his licence;

(f) The licensee shall intimate to the Licensing Authority in writing, in the event of any change in the constitution of the firm executing under the licence. Whereupon change in the constitution of the firm takes place, the current licence shall be deemed to be valid for a maximum period of three months from the date on which the change takes place or normal expiry of the licence whichever is earlier unless in the interim period a fresh licence has been obtained from the Licensing Authority in the name of the firm with the changed constitution;

(g) The licensee shall be fully responsible to ensure the security of the factory premises and ensure that no diversion takes place in transit;

(h) The licensee should provide security staff, watch and ward, surveillance cameras and other facilities as may be specified by the Executive Committee from time to time to ensure security of the fields;

(i) The licensee should report to the Narcotics Commissioner if he finds any other farming in Gandhi;

(j) The licensee shall keep the Central Bureau of Narcotics informed of all matters relating to cultivation, production, transport, etc., of poppy straw and opiates in agricultural practices;

(k) The licensee shall defray the cost of the Central Bureau of Narcotics staff posted to supervise the cultivation to ensure the production of poppy straw and production of concentrate of poppy straw at such rates as may be decided by the Government from time to time;

(l) The licensee shall notify well before the sowing season, the price which they are willing to pay to the farmers;

(m) The licensee should identify and enter into agreements with the farmers who are willing to cultivate opium poppy for production of poppy straw for sale to the licensee;

(n) The farmers with whom the licensee has entered into agreements will be licensed to grow opium poppy subject to such verifications as may be felt necessary by the Narcotics Commissioner;

(o) Such other conditions as may be specified by the Narcotics Commissioner from time to time.]

[1]FORM NO. 3D

[See rule 52A(3)]

SPECIAL AUTHORISATION FOR POSSESSION OF ESSENTIAL NARCOTIC DRUGS BY REGISTERED MEDICAL PRACTITIONER

Authorisation No.......Date of issue......

.............is hereby authorised to possess the following essential narcotic drugs on the premises situated at..............for use in his practice.

Name of essential narcotic drug — Quantity

(1)

(2)

2. The authorisation shall be in force from .... to..............

3. The authorisation is subject to the conditions stated below and to such other conditions as may be specified under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985) and the rules made thereunder.

Signature..........

Designation..........

Conditions of authorisation

1. This authorisation is not transferable.
2. This authorisation and any certificate of renewal in force shall be kept on the approved premises and shall be produced at the request of an officer detailed for the purpose by the issuing authority.]

[1]FORM NO. 3E

[See rule 52(2)]

CONSIGNMENT NOTE

Date and time of dispatch of the consignment: ....

1.	Name and complete postal address of the consignor	:
2.	Whether Manufacturer or Licensed Dealer (State Licence Number and the Issuing Authority)	:
3.	Name and complete postal address of the consignee	:
4.	Description and quantity of the consignment	:

Particulars of the essential narcotic drugs showing Trade Marks, Proprietary Names, Batch number, etc.	Number of packages	Quantity	
		Gross	Net

5.	Mode of transport (particulars of the transporter, Registration number of the vehicle or Railway Receipt/Lorry Receipt, if the transport is by railways goods transport)	:

Full Name/Designation (if any) — Signature of the Consignor with date

To be filled by the consignee

---

1. Ins. by G.S.R. 359(E), dated 5th May, 2015 (w.e.f. 5-5-2015).

6.	Date and time of receipt by the consignee and his remarks	:	
7.	Whether the consignment received in full as per description and quantity mentioned at serial number 4 above	:	Yes / No (If 'no', details to be mentioned below)

(In) Name/Designation (if any) Signature of the Consignee with date

Note:

(1) This consignment note shall be serially numbered on annual basis.

(2) The consignor shall record a certificate on the cover page of each book containing consignment note indicating the number of pages and sheets in the consignment notebook.

(3) The consignor shall maintain a Register showing the details of the books of consignment note brought in use during a particular year.

(4) This consignment note shall be retained for a period of two years from the date of transaction.

(5) The consignment note shall be produced before the authorised officers whenever called upon during the course of their inspection/ investigation.]

[FORM NO. 30

[See rule 50(1)]

DAILY ACCOUNTS OF ESSENTIAL NARCOTIC DRUGS TO BE MAINTAINED BY REGISTERED MEDICAL PRACTITIONER AND AUTHORISED PERSONS

Name of the Essential Narcotic Drug		Authorised Unit	:
Date			
1.	Opening stock	:	
2.	Quantity received	:	
2(i).	Received from (give details)	:	
2(ii).	Consignment Note/Bill/Invoice/Cash Memo. Number etc	:	
3.	Quantity dispensed	:	
4.	Name and address of the person to whom dispensed (Indicate permit registration number maintained in Form No. 3E, where applicable)		
5.	Closing stock		

(In) Name/Designation (if any) Signature

Note:

(1) This record shall be maintained on day to day basis and entries shall be made on each day.

(2) Entries shall be completed for each day before the close of the day.

(3) The pages of the register shall be serially numbered.

1. Ins. by G.S.R. 750(E), dated 31st May, 2011 (w.e.f. 1st April, 2011).

(iii) Separate record shall be maintained for each essential narcotic drug;

(iv) This record shall be retained for two years from the date of last entry.

(v) This record shall be produced before the concerned authorised officers whenever called upon during the course of their respective investigations.

FORM NO. 8F

[See rule 32(3)]

DETAILS OF THE PATIENT

TO WHOM ESSENTIAL NARCOTIC DRUGS DISPENSED

(TO BE MAINTAINED BY REGISTERED MEDICAL PRACTITIONER/ RECOGNISED MEDICAL INSTITUTION)

Registration Number : ..... Date .....

1	Name	:
2	Complete postal address (with contact number, if any)	
3	Brief description of the illness	:
4	Whether registered with any other registered medical practitioner/recognised medical institution (If yes, name to be recorded)	:
5	Details of the essential narcotic drugs dispensed	

Date	Name of the essential narcotic drugs	Quantity	Signature/Thumb impression of the patient	Remarks, if any

Note:

(i) This record shall be retained for two years from the date of last entry.

(ii) This record shall be produced before the concerned authorised officers whenever called upon during the course of their respective investigation.

FORM NO. 8G

[See rule 32 (3)(i)]

APPLICATION FOR ISSUE/RENEWAL OF CERTIFICATE OF RECOGNITION AS RECOGNISED MEDICAL INSTITUTION

1.	Name and complete postal address of the institution with telephone number, facsimile number and e-mail ID (please list the supporting documents to be submitted)	:
2.	Name of the Head/In-charge of the Institution	:
3.	Number of persons employed	:
	(i) Doctors	
	(ii) Nursing staff	:
	(iii) Others	:

1. Ins. by G.S.R. 358(E), dated 5th May, 2011 (w.e.f. 5-5-2011).

4.	Number of patients treated during the previous calendar year : (i) in patients (ii) out patients (iii) home care	
5.	Name(s) of the qualified medical practitioner(s) who would prescribe essential narcotic drugs (give details of their training in pain relief and palliative care or opioid dependence treatment)	
6.	If there is more than one qualified medical practitioner who would prescribe essential narcotic drugs, indicate the name of the medical practitioner who shall be overall in charge	
7.	Number and date of the certificate of recognition issued earlier (attach copy)	
8.	Whether the recognition of the institution was withdrawn earlier (if the recognition was withdrawn earlier, the reasons are to be given) :	

Date.....
Place.....
Seal:

Signature.....
Full name .....
Position.....]

[FORM NO. 9C
[See rule 52 (2)]
CERTIFICATE OF RECOGNITION

No..... Date of issue.....

This is to certify that.....(Name of the institution)..... situated at..... is a recognised Medical Institution to possess, dispense and sell essential narcotic drugs.

2. The institution is a Recognised Medical Institution from..... (mention date of the certificate issued for the first time).....

3. This certificate shall be in force from.....

4. The certificate is subject to the conditions stated below and to such other conditions as may be specified under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985) and the rules made thereunder.

Signature.....
Designation .....
Seal.....

Conditions of recognition

1. This certificate is non-transferable.
2. This certificate and any certificate of renewal in force shall be kept on the approved premises and shall be produced at the request of an officer authorised for the purpose by the issuing authority.]

1. Ins. by G.S.R. 359(E), dated 5th May, 2015 (w.e.f. 5-5-2015).

[FORM NO. 33]

[See rule 52B(1)(c)]

DAILY ACCOUNTS OF ESSENTIAL NARCOTIC DRUGS TO BE MAINTAINED BY RECOGNISED MEDICAL INSTITUTION

Name of the Essential Narcotic Drug: ..... Date: .....

1.	Opening stock	:
2.	Quantity received	
2(i)	Received from (give name):	
2(ii)	Consignment Note/Bill/Invoice/Cash Memo. Number etc.	:
3.	Quantity dispensed	:
4	Specific registration number of the patient(s) maintained in Form No. 3E and quantity dispensed to each)	:
5.	Closing stock	:

Full Name/Designation (if any) Signature of the person in charge

Note:

(1) This record shall be maintained on day to day basis and entries shall be made for each day.

(2) Entries shall be completed for each day before the close of the day.

(3) The pages of the register shall be serially numbered.

(4) Separate record shall be maintained for each essential narcotic drug.

(5) This record shall be retained for two years from the date of last entry.

(6) This record shall be produced before the concerned authorised officers whenever called upon during the course of their inspection/investigation.[1]

[FORM NO. 34]

[See rule 52B(1)(d)]

ANNUAL RETURN OF PROCUREMENT/DISBURSEMENT OF ESSENTIAL NARCOTIC DRUGS TO BE FILLED BY RECOGNISED MEDICAL INSTITUTION

Return for the year	:	Date of submitting return	: .....
1.	Number and date of the current certificate of recognition	:	
2.	Name of the Recognised Medical Institution	:	

Sl. No.	Name of essential narcotic drug	Quantity as original annual estimate	Quantity in revised annual estimate (if any)	Opening stock	Quantity procured during the year	Quantity distributed to patients during the year	Closing stock
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

1. Ins. by G.S.R. 359(E), dated 5th May, 2015 (w.e.f. 5-5-2015).

The duly signed medical practitioner or the overall in charge, as the case may be, shall record a brief justification where the actual disbursement is more than ten per cent of the estimate or revised estimate, as the case may be.

(a) Name/Designation (if any) Signature of the overall in charge

FORM NO. 9

[See rule 57(1)]

ESTIMATE OF ANNUAL REQUIREMENT OF ESSENTIAL NARCOTIC DRUGS

Estimate for the year ..... Date of submitting estimate .....

1. Number and date of the current certificate of exemption

2. Name of the Designated Medical Institution :

3. Details of the estimated annual requirement of essential narcotic drugs

Sl. No	Name of essential narcotic drugs	Quantity disbursed during previous year	Estimated annual requirement	Revised estimated annual requirement	Reason for revision
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)

*Please attach copy of the original estimate

Full Name/Designation (if any) Signature of the overall in charge

FORM NO. 4

[See rule 55]

Official Seal of the Issuing Authority

S. No.....

S. No.....

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue)

CERTIFICATE OF OFFICIAL APPROVAL OF IMPORT

(The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Rules, 1985)

..... (Name of the issuing Authority) being the authority empowered in this behalf under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Rules, 1985 hereby approves the importation into India of the consignments containing narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances as specified in the Schedule hereto from M/s .....

From M/s .....subject to the condition that the consignment covering such drugs or substances shall be imported before..... by ..... to (Specified port) in India.

In supporting the importation of the consignment containing the said drugs or substances specified..... Issuing Authority is satisfied that it is required solely for medical and scientific purposes

Address of the Issuing Authority Designation of the Issuing Authority

1. Subs. by G.S.R. 357(E), dated 9th May, 2014 (w.e.f. 9-5-2014).

Schedule of allowing the narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances mentioned in the consignment to be imported

1. This document is for ..... (the authority to whom and the purpose for which it is being sent to be indicated)

2. The certificate is not valid unless it bears the Official Seal of the Issuing Authority on the top right hand corner

(Official Seal of Issuing Authority)
S.No .....
Date .....

[FORM NO. 4A
(See rules 50 and 53)
(Official seal of the issuing authority)
S. No .....
Date .....

MINISTRY OF FINANCE
(GOVERNMENT OF INDIA)
(DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE)
CERTIFICATE OF OFFICIAL APPROVAL OF IMPORT
UNDER THE PROVISIONS RULE 54
(The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Rules, 1985)

.... (The Issuing Authority) being empowered to issue Import Certificate under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Rules, 1985, hereby, approves the importation into India of the following consignments of narcotic drugs—

(1) .....
(2) .....
(3) .....

By [1][Sea/Air/Land] ..... [Sea/Air/Land] ..... narcotic drugs/psychotropic formulations for research/medical purposes to be carried out wherever it is applicable subject to the following conditions—

Conditions of import certificate

(i) The consignment containing the drugs shall be imported before ..... by ..... in proper/weighty or bulk.

(ii) In the import is for manufacture of formulations for export, the manufacturer shall—

(a) ensure that no part of the drug imported under this certificate shall be sold or used in manufacture of formulations for domestic sale;

(b) ensure that the formulations manufactured out of the drug imported against this certificate shall not be diverted for domestic sale;

(c) furnish to the Narcotics Commissioner and the Drugs Controller General of India copies of receipt of drugs on completion of export along with documentary evidence such as shipping bills, bills of lading and invoices;

(d) deposit in the import permit Excise Duty & the Duties and Customs/State Excise and Drugs Administration penalties as applicable on the consignment from time to time in the manner prescribed;

(e) maintain separate accounts of actual quantity of narcotic drug imported, formulations produced, consignments dispatched and the quantity lying in balance

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1. Ins. vide G.S.R. [illegible] dated [illegible].

(f) submit a monthly return of receipt/import, consumption and export of the narcotic drug to the Narcotics Commissioner,

(g) follow the procedures prescribed in rules 42, 43, 46 and 47 for security arrangements, maintenance of warrants and submission of returns, possession, sale and distribution of formulations manufactured from the drugs imported under this certificate.

4.(a) If the import is for analytical purposes, the importer shall—

(i) ensure that no part of the drug imported under this certificate shall be used for any purpose other than for analytical purposes;

(ii) inform the Narcotics Commissioner about the complete utilisation of the Narcotic Drug imported; and

(iii) follow the procedures specified in rules 43, 45, 46 and 47.]

5. Any quantity of exceptions, mixtures, preparations and their salts or finished formulations for export that have not been utilised shall be re-imported to the Government Opium and Alkaloid Works.

6. This declaration is for..... [The Authority to whom and the purpose for which it is being sent to be indicated]

7. This certificate is not valid unless it bears the Official Seal of the issuing Authority on the top right hand corner.]

FORM NO. 5

(See rule 49)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue)

AUTHORISATION FOR OFFICIAL APPROVAL FOR EXPORT

(For Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Rules, 1985)

..... (In Issuing Authority) hereby the is (is/is) empowered to issue export authorisation under the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 he (she) authorises and permits the following exportation of Narcotic Drugs or Psychotropic Substances from India:

Exporter..... .....

Consignee ....

Port of export..... Port of arrival..... .....

Narcotic Drugs or Psychotropic Substances to be exported:

Item No.	Number of packages	Name of the drug substance/preparations	Name of the countries to which drugs are consigned

The export shall be made on one consignment / from the designated port of export on or before the..... day of.....(Month, 20)

The importation of these drugs into the country of destination has been authorised by official import certificate No..... dated..... issued by..... (Authority of the importing country).

Date of Issue.....

Place of Issue..... Designation of the Issuing Authority

1. Ins. by G.S.R. 427(E), dated 31st May, 2011 (w.e.f. 31-5-2011).

1. This document is to accompany ..... (the authority to whom and the purpose for which it is being sent is to be indicated).

2. This authorisation is not valid unless it bears the official seal of the issuing Authority on the top right hand corner.

FROM NO. 8

(See rule 67)

Date and time of despatch of the consignment

1. Name and address of consignor (manufacturer/dealer/distributor) and his Licence No. (Issued under the Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945).

2. Name and address of the consignee (importer/dealer/distributor) and his Licence No. (Issued under the Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945).

3. Description and quantity of the consignment:

(a) ..... (b) .....

Particulars of the drugs with reference to the Schedules of the 1985 Rules, Trade Marks, Patent and Proprietary Names, etc.	No. of packages	Quantity Gross	Net
.....	.....	.....	.....

4. Mode of conveyance: (Particulars of the conveyance, Registration Number of the vehicle, B.R. of the Conveyor, if by Railway, etc.)

5. Date and time of receipt by the consignee and its remarks.

....

Signature of the consignor with date Signature of the Consignee with date

....

(Name in capital letters) (Name in capital letters)

Note: (1) This Consignment Note should be serially numbered on annual basis.

(2) The Consignor should record a Certificate on the cover page of each bond containing consignment note indicating the number of pages contained in such consignment note/notes.

(3) The Consignor should maintain a Register showing the details of the books of consignment notes brought in use during a particular year.

(4) The books containing consignment note used or currently under use and the register as referred to in Item (3) hereof shall be produced before the officers who are called upon during the course of their inspections.

FORM NO. 9

(See rules 55, 58, 64 and 67A)

1. Name of the laboratory/research institution/hospital/dispensary/practising authority;

2. Address

3. Name of the Drug

4. From whom the drug was obtained/purchased

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1. Form 8A, 8 deleted and Form No. 7 re-numbered as Form No. 8 by G.S.R. 551 (E), dated 14th July, 1995 (w.e.f. 21-7-1995).
2. Ins. by G.S.R. 299(E), dated 31st July, 1992 (w.e.f. 27-4-1992).
3. Subs. by G.S.R. 1064(E), dated 28th December, 2001, for item 1 (w.e.f. 28-12-2001).

[5. Quantity obtained/purchased]

6. Date on which obtained/purchased

Details of use

Sl. No.	Date	Quantity consumed	Purpose	Signature of the user

Note:— (1) This form shall be kept for 2 years from the last date of consumption.

(2) This shall be produced for verification by any of the officers empowered under section 53 or 42 of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act or any officer-in-charge of a police station.]

[FORM NO. 6

[See rule 67(2)]

APPLICATION/REQUISITION FOR STANDARD SAMPLES OF NARCOTIC DRUGS OR PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

1. Name of the Organisation or Agency
2. Full postal address of the Organisation or Agency
3. Purpose for which sample of narcotic drug or Psychotropic Substances is required
4. Name and quantity of each drug sample required
5. Name and designation of officer under whose custody the samples shall be kept
6. Copy of Stock Register of narcotic samples maintained by the organisation duly verified by the controlling officer
7. Other relevant information, if any.

Signature.....

Designation.....

of Indenting Officer with Number thereof]

[FORM NO. 9

[See rule 67(3)]

ANNUAL REPORT TO THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS ON RECEIPT, CONSUMPTION AND BALANCE OF SAMPLES OF NARCOTIC DRUGS OR PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

Sl. No.	Narcotic drugs/ Psychotropic substances	Opening Balance	Receipt	Consumption	Closing Balance

Signature.....

Designation.....

of Indenting Officer with Number thereof]

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1. Added by G.S.R. 670(E), dated 19th September, 2001 (w.e.f. 19-9-2001).
2. Inserted by G.S.R. 670(E), dated 19th September, 2001 (w.e.f. 19-9-2001).